G. R. S. IX-5]

Previous references.

LB 57-18(26)

1920-21

(LB)

Later references.

File No 68-20

Serial Nos 23

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos. 23

Part B for May 1921.

SUBJECT.

D. Jo Administrators Reports of the Bangalore District for the Year 1919-20

8(23) To the Presidents of Dt Bds
" Comptroller, Chief Engineer
" Forest Surgeon
" Sanitary Comr & Rev Comr
No R 12551-63 dy 9-5-1921.
Reviews the District Forest Administration Reports for 1919-20.

A R Khan
22-11-21

WD 1888—GPB—16,826—23-7-21

G. R. S. III—1] 192 0.

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

(L. B.)

NOTES.

L. B. File No. 68-20

FILE HEADING.

D. F. Admn Reports and Accounts for 1919-20

From

No.	Dated	Received

Diary No.	Enclos.	Spare Copies.	Serial No.

BRIEF ABSTRACT OF LETTER.

NOTES AND ORDERS.

Draft consolidated Review on the admn of the Dt Bds for 1919-20 is subd for approval

DS
19/4/21

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19/4

Newsey
2nd member

Dom Rapporteur 25/4

Rue
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Home Mem 30/4

NOTES—First Sheet.

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27.4.21.

G. R. S. III-2]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

L-B File No. 67 of 1920.

Serial No.	
23	G. O. No 12551-63 of 9-5-21 Reviews the Dt Fund Admn Reports for 1919-20 Draft Submission note Submitting a copy of the Review to H. H. the Maharaja is Subd under Rule 3 proviso (1) (b) of the Council rules 13/5/21 Dt Dewan Note copy)

DEWAN'S OFFICE.
Recd. on MAY 16 1921
Reg. No. 7157

Hon
13.5.

14.5.21.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

Submitted to His Highness.

I submit herewith a copy of the General Review on the Administration of the District Boards for the year 1919-20 for the gracious perusal of His Highness.

18 Aug 1921

Record of Cases submitted for the Orders of His Highness the Maharaja.

Subject.

Review on the administration of the District Boards during the year 1919-20.

Order.

~~KRW~~
20/5/21

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District Fund Administration Report of the Bangalore District for the year 1919-20.

--oOo--

Part I.
Constitution.

(a) Creation of new Boards and abolition of existing Boards.

There was no change in the number of Local Boards in the District during the year. The District Board was re-constituted during the year (Vide, Government order No.2282/ L.B.62-18-6 dated 14th August 1919).

(b) Appointment of non-official Presidents and Vice Presidents.

2. In accordance with the provision contained in section 6(2) of the Local Boards Regulation, Government notified that the Vice Presidents of all Local Boards should be elected by the Boards. The following non-official gentlemen were duly elected by the several Boards in the District:-

Name of Board.	Name of elected Vice President.
Bangalore District Board	Mr.B.Oosman Khan,
Bangalore Taluk ,,	,, R.Gopalaswami Iyer,
Hoskote ,,	,, Rudrappa,
Devanhalli ,,	,, D.Srikanta Rao
Dodballapur ,,	,, Dhana Setti
Nelamangala ,,	,, C.Naraharaiya
Magadi ,,	,, M.Rangaswami Iyengar
Chennapatna ,,	,, Tirumalachar,
Kankanhalli ,,	,, G.Venkataramana Gowda
Anekal ,,	,, B.Srinivasiengar,
Closepet ,,	,, K.Santanam Iyengar.

(c) Elections.

3. As all the Taluk Boards had been reconstituted (

in the year 1918-19, no elections were held during the year. A bye-election was held in the Hoskote Taluk to fill up a vacancy which failed firstly as no voting took place on the appointed day and secondly as the person elected on the next occasion was ineligible on account of want of residence in the locality. This vacancy was filled up by nomination.

Part II Working of the Boards and Committees.

(a) New bye-laws and rules framed or existing ones amended.

4. No new bye-laws were framed nor were any of the existing ones amended during the year.

(b) Meetings and attendance.

5. The District Board held 4 ordinary and one -- special meeting during the year, and the average attendance of official and non-official members was 5.8 and 30 respectively.

All the Taluk Boards held the prescribed number of meetings and the average attendance of official and non-official members was 2.8 and 7.8 respectively.

The strength of the Finance Committee was raised from 3 to 5 during the year. The committee held 6 meetings as against 8 in the previous year. 6 meetings were adjourned owing to the absence of members.

A 'works committee' consisting of 3 non-official members and the Vice President was formed by the District Board towards the close of the year.

(c) Remarks about the interest evinced by non-official members.

6. The non-official members continued to evince interest in the management of the affairs of the Boards. They have begun to take up direct responsibility in the discharge of the work devolving on the Local Boards by accepting the place of Vice Presidents.

P.T.O.

(d) Measures of initiative or development proposed or carried out during the year.

7. The District Board considered the allotment of definite functions and apportionment of funds to the Taluk Boards and their proposals were awaiting the sanction of Government at the close of the year. The pay and prospects of Sanitary Inspectors were revised and the revised scale was given effect to from the beginning of the year. The economic development work in the District which was hitherto being looked after by a separate organization known as the 'District Committee' was transferred to the control of the District Board with effect from 1st January 1920.

(e) Relations of the Boards with one another.

8. The relations of the Boards with one another continued to be cordial.

(f) Working of Village Panchayets.

9. Of the 100 Village Panchayets constituted in the District, Chairmen and members have been appointed in all but one viz.Hulimangala in Anekal Taluk. Rules authorizing the Panchayets to levy taxes were issued during the year and 36 new Panchayets have collected an appreciable amount(Vide ~~statement~~ Appendix No.V). The District Board sanctioned a sum of Rs.14,950/- to be utilized as starting funds in the newly constituted panchayets and estimates for works were also sanctioned in several of them during the year.

Part III. Financial Condition.

(a) Income.

10. The total receipts amounted to Rs.1,75,829 as against Rs.2,25,073 in the previous year, showing a decrease of Rs.49,244/-. A sum of Rs.81,479/- being the Local cess on Excise Revenue collected in the previous years was credited to the Board in 1918-19. This abnormal

abnormal increase in that year accounts for the present decrease which is mainly nominal. The realizations under House-tax including Mohatarfa in non-panchayet areas" amounted to Rs.43,894 as against Rs.36,720 in the preceding year, the increase being due to the levy of taxes in the newly constituted Village Panchayets. There have been no perceptible variations under other items.

(b) Expenditure.

11. The expenditure amounted to Rs.1,46,547/- as against Rs.1,44,954/- in the previous year. There has been a decrease of nearly Rs.17,000/- under the head "Public Works executed by the P.W.Department" under all other heads, there has been an increase, especially under 'Public Works executed by the Civil Department, well works and establishments'. The increase under establishments was due to the grant of grain compensation and local allowances to all employees of the Board.

(c) Closing Balance.

12. The year closed with a balance of Rs.3,38,928/- as shown in the subjoined statement:-

		Rs.
Opening balance on 1st July 1919		3,09,646
Receipts		1,75,829
	Total	4,85,475
Expenditure		1,46,547
		3,38,928

(d) Allotment of funds among the Taluk Boards and Panchayets.

13. Adequate allotments were made to Taluk Boards and Panchayets for expenditure. A sum of Rs.1,32,000/- has been allotted to the Taluk Boards out of the balance at the credit of the District Board, and another sum of Rs.14,950/- has been sanctioned as starting funds to the newly constituted Village Panchayets.

(e) Demand, Collection and Balance.

14. The particulars of demand, collection and balance of

of all items credited to District Funds are to be found in appendix. VI

Excluding Local cess and Mohatarfa in non-Panchayet areas which are collected through the Revenue agency the item of revenue collected by the Boards agency is house and shop taxes in Village Panchayets. The demand in them including old arrears amounted to Rs.36,425/- of which a sum of Rs.13,325 was collected leaving a balance of Rupees 23,109 at the close of the year. The collection work can hardly be said to be satisfactory and the following -- Panchayets still show heavy arrears, and it does not appear that effective steps were taken to collect the same.

	Arrears on 30-6-18.	Arrears on 30-6-19.	Arrears on 30-6-20.
Maloor, Chennapatna Taluk	3,374	3,591	4,424
Tavarekere, Magadi ,,	1736	1980	2,027
Avati, Devanhalli ,,	1,366	1,432	1,670
Harohalli, Kankanhalli ,,	1,272	1,489	1,673
Gudemaranahalli, Magadi ,,	979	1,059	1,113

Now that the number of Village Panchayets under the control of each Taluk Board has increased, it behoves the Board to adopt suitable steps to collect their taxes in time. The collection work should receive their primary attention, as upon it depends their ability to meet their obligations.

(f) Fresh imposts.

15. Rules governing the levy of taxes in village Panchayets were sanctioned by Government during the year in their Notification No. R.2668 dated 25th August, 1919. L.Pa.6-18-17

(g) Loans.

16. No loans were raised during the year.

P.T.O.

Part IV Public Works.

Important works executed, percentage of Budget allotment allowed to lapse etc.

17. The Budget grant under A.Public works exclusive of charges for establishment and tools and plant amounted to Rs.66,690. The outlay incurred against it was Rs.57,625/- resulting in a lapse of Rs.9,065 or 13% of the budget grant. The lapse is attributed to dearth of labour, slackness or failure of contractors and demand of increased rates on account of rise in prices of articles out of Rs.57,625/- expended during the year Rs.1598/- was spent on original works and the rest on repairs of roads, the pe expenditure on 3rd class Travellers Bungalows being nil.

The outlay incurred on 'Public works' executed by the Civil Department was Rs.11,184 as against the budget allotment of Rs.15,000/- resulting in a lapse of Rs.3816/- or 33% of the allotment and as against 67% in the previous year. Want of definite programme as regards the selection of works, unequal distribution of expenditure and undue delay in the execution of works are among the points to which the Taluk Boards should devote special attention.

(b) Condition of roads.

18. The total length of roads maintained by the Board was 453½ miles, of which 320¾ were metalled. The average cost of maintenance amounted to Rs.123.6 as against Rs.133.5 during the previous years The Executive Engineer reports that the roads were kept in a fairly trafficable order.

19. Improvements in the matter of opening inter-village roads.

A sum of Rs.3771/- was spent on roads by the Civil Department(Statement No.10) 32 miles of village

roads were newly opened during the year in addition to maintaining those opened in previous years.

20. Water supply and maintenance.

The question of improving the water supply in villages has been receiving attention. The total outlay on well works during the year amounted to Rs.12,947/- exclusive of the ryots share, which came up to Rs.2,533/- as against Rs.8,437/- and Rs.3,212/- respectively in the previous year. The work turned out during the year has increased by Rs.3,830/- or over 33%. The balance left at the credit of the drinking water wells Fund on 30th June 1930 was Rs.36,303/-.

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In addition to the works remaining incomplete at the beginning of the year 30 fresh works were sanctioned during the year. 75 works were completed and 31 were cancelled leaving 209 works incomplete at the close of the year. The outlay incurred in each Taluk is shown in the margin. The work done in this direction in the Taluks of Kankanhalli, Magadi, Anekal, Devanhalli and Chennapatna and the Closepet Sub-Taluk has been satisfactory.

Bangalore	3756
Hoskote	3161
Dodballapur	3559
Nelamangala	1687
Kankanhalli	327
Magadi	841
Closepet	961
Anekal	797
Devanhalli	860
Chennapatna	631
Total	15,480/-

21. Supervision of works by non-official members.

The non-official Vice Presidents of Taluk Boards inspected several works under progress in their Taluks and checked measurements.

22. District Board Railways.

The final orders of Government have not yet been received on the question of financing the Bangalore Hosur-Railway.

Part V.

23. Public Health and Vital Statistics.

The total number of births and deaths during the year was 9,576 and 8,302 as against 9,833 and 32,195 in the previous year. There were 1038 deaths from Plague as against 596 in the previous year. The mortality from Cholera was 171. The public health on the whole of the District was on the whole satisfactory being free from any severe outbreaks of epidemic, such as the influenza of the previous year.

Part VI.

24. Conservancy and Sanitation.

Working of village Sanitation Rules.

47 new villages in the Hoskote Taluk were brought under the perview of the village Sanitation Rules. The total number of villages in which the rules were in force at the end of the year of report was 1615 out of 3491 inhabited villages in the District.

Prosecutions for breaches off rules under the Village Sanitation rules were instituted in 24 cases of which 23 were were disposed of, 14 ending in conviction and 9 in acquittal. One case concerning one person was pending at the close of the year. Not a single case was reported in the Taluks of Bangalore Nelamangala, Kankanhalli, Magadi, Chennapatna and in Closepet Sub-Taluk. The evidently shows that the inspection of villages by Sanitary Inspectors has not been adequate.

597 applications for licenses to erect and repair houses were received during the year, which with the 117 applications pending at the beginning of the year brought up the number for disposal to 714. 505

505 of these were disposed of leaving 209 pending at the close of the year. The number of applications pending in the Chennapatna Taluk is larger and their speedy disposal should be insisted upon.

The village imrpovement committees of whom there are 1243 serving 1940 villages continued to bestow attention to improving the sanitation of the respective villages. 812 committees devoted half a day a week for joint labour to attend to sundry sanitary improvements. The total amount spent on Village Improvement works was Rs.675 and the contribution of ryots in the spahe shape of labour was Rs.6286/-.

25. Removal of Pricklypear and lantana.

This owork is being attended to by the villagers themselves and no expenditure was incurred by the District Board.

26. Prevention and suppression of epidemics.

Plague and Cholora were the principal diseases that broke out during the year. Evacuation of infected villages, disinfection and inoculation were the chief measure adopted against Plague. The hankanizing of sources of water supply and the sinking of new temporary wells were resorted to in all places where Cholera prevailed. Sufficient quantities of disinfectants were stocked at all Taluk Head-quarters. A Reserve Sanitary Inspector was appointed during the year to supplement the existing -- sanitary staff and to look to the sanitation of places at which a large concourse of people gathered on the occasion of Jatras etc.

27. Regulation of markets and Slaughter houses.

The only market in the District where fees are levied is the one at Chandapur in the Anekal Taluk. There are no slaughter houses under the control of the Board.

28. Fairs and Festivals.

The important Jatras held in the District are the Sri Subramanyaswami Jatra in the Dodballapur Taluk, Sri Ranganathaswami Jatra at Tirumale & Sri Narasimha Swamigatra at Suggenahalli in Magadi Taluk, the Madduramma Jatra at Upparahalli in Hoskote Taluk and Chempakadhamaswami Jatra at Bannerghatta and Madduramma Jatra at Huskur in Anekal Taluk. Adequate sanitary arrangements had been made at all these places.

Part VII Medical Relief.

29. (a)Working of Dispensaries.

A new Dispensary was opened at Sarjapur during the year in accordance with Government order No.3521-3 Med.20-17-24 dated 12th August 1919. Including this there were 14 dispensaries in the District towards the maintenance charge of which the District Board contributed a sum of Rs.5,668/- as against Rs.5,289/- in the previous year.

30. (b)Midwives and ~~Maternity~~ Maternity.

The number of midwives in the District including the reliving midwives was 13 as in the previous year. They attended to 955 labour cases, of which 96 were in rural parts. The amount contributed towards their pay and allowances was Rs.1605/- as against Rupees 1733 in the previous year.

31(c)Ayurvedic and Unani Dispensaries.

Nine practitioners were in receipt of grants-in-aid from the District Board during the year and number of patients treated by them was 33,986/- as against 27,617/- in the previous year. These dispensaries continued to be popular.

32(a) Veterinary Dispensaries.

Three Veterinary Institutions were at work in the District, a Hospital in Bangalore City and two dispensaries one at Chennapatna and the other at Dodballapur. The last one was opened on the 19th January 1920. All these institutions were popular and attracted cattle for treatment. The dispensaries at Chennapatna and Dodballapur are located in private buildings. As mentioned in the last year's Administration Report, the accommodation is found to be insufficient. The Executive Engineer has been requested to furnish plans and estimates for the construction of suitable buildings. The Veterinary Hospital at Bangalore was shifted from the Basavangudi extension to a central spot in the City, so that it may be easily accessible to the public.

The work turned out at the Hospital at Bangalore and the two Dispensaries were briefly this:-

	Bangalore	Chennapatna	Doaballapur.
Number of new admissions	1885	2047	573
Daily average attendance	15.73	23	8
No. of castrations	20	68	16
Major and minor operations	167	194	31

The Veterinary Inspector, Bangalore, was on tour for 86 days, travelling 1479 miles by road and 1151 miles by rail. He inoculated 2487 head of cattle during the year, as against 2483 in the previous year.

The Assistant Veterinary Inspector of Chennapatna was on tour for 251 daysvisiting 325 villages and travelled 1136 miles by road and 873 miles by rail. He reports that he treated 1126 cases while on tour and inoculated 1186 cattle against Reinderpest.

Similarly, the Assistant Veterinary Inspector of Dodballapur was on tour for 61 days, travelling 778 miles by road and 869 miles by rail. He treated 149

149 cattle while on tour and inoculated 1735 cattle.

33.(e) Vaccination.

The number of vaccinators employed by the Board including the Reserve Vaccinator was 17 and they worked under the direct supervision of the Deputy Inspector of Vaccination. The vaccinators were given a fixed travelling allowance of Rs.8/- per month in lieu of the travelling allowance given to them hitherto. The minimum number of vaccinations to be performed by each vaccinator was fixed in consultation with the Sanitary Commissioner. 12,733 Vaccinations were performed in rural parts against 14,786 in the previous year, the decrease being marked in the Taluks of Bangalore, Devanhalli, Magadi, Channapatna and Kankanhalli.

Part VIII.

Public convenience and other measures of public utility.

34.(a) Accommodation for travellers.

The District Board maintained 12 3rd class Travellers' Bungalows, 2 Inspection Lodges and 12 Musafirkhanas and all of them were maintained in fairly good condition. The chatram at Talekere, Magadi Taluk, was taken under the control of the Board and a caretaker on Rs.4/- per month was sanctioned to look after it. The Musafirkhana buildings at Dodballapur, Chennadevi Agrahara, Nelamangala, Sangama, Talekere and Hindignal were repaired. The construction of the Musafirkhana building at Harohalli in the Kankanhalli Taluk did not make any progress during the year and it is proposed to transfer the work for execution to the Public Works Department.

35.(b) Cattle shows.

No cattle shows and exhibitions were organized

organized by the District Board during the year. A Cattle show was as usual held at Subramanya Ghati in the Dodballapur Taluk and the expenses connected with it were met out of the funds of the temple.

(c) Ferries.

36. The ferry at Sangama, Kankanhalli Taluk, realised Rs.14/-.

(d) Cattle pounds.

37. There were 69 cattle pounds in the District, which yielded a revenue of Rs.5,142/-. The expenses incurred in the shape of commission and refund of feeding charges amounted to Rs.1,313/-. The cattle pounds at Hebbal, Bidarahalli and Sondekuppa were repaired during the year.

Facilities for the improvement of cattle.

38. No new bull was purchased during the year. The bull supplied to one Puttaswamaiya in the Nelamangala Taluk died on the 6th May 1920.

Part IX.General.

(a)Accounts and audit.

39. The accounts of the Board were audited by the Local auditors of the Comptroller's Office up to the of December 1919, and no serious irregularities were noticed.

(b)Miscellaneous.

40. The year witnessed the formal termination of the war and the execution of the Peace Treaty. This joyous event was celebrated with befitting grandeur throughout the State and the District Board spent a sum of Rs.1,750/- on account of celebrations in rural parts.

General Remarks.

41. The working of Local Boards in the District was on the whole satisfactory.

M. A. Ranganathan

President,
District Board,
Bangalore District.

Mas

L.S.R.
4.

REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE DISTRICT FUNDS OF THE TUMKUR DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR 1919-20.

1. CONSTITUTION.

(a) Creation of new Boards and abolition of existing Boards.

Under section 5 of the Local Boards and the village Panchayats Regulation of 1918and Rule 2 issued under 37(a) of the same, the names of members constituting the District Board were notified under order No.R.3777/L.B.45-19-2 dated 15th September 19 and the same amended by notification No.R.8184/L.B. 45-19-5 dated the 24th January 1920 so far as it related to the members elected by the Taluk Board of Gubbi.

The name of the Vice-President of the District Board was also notified during the year.

2. The names of members constituting the Taluk Boards of Tiptur, Pavagada, and Koratagere were notified during the year under report as well as the names of the Vice-presidents of all the Taluk Boards except Koratagere.

3. The election or appointment of the Chairmen of the 5 Village Panchayats was completed during the year.

(b) Appointment of non-official Presidents and Vice-presidents

Under the new scheme, the Deputy Commissioner was appointed ex-officio President of the District Board and Mr.H.Venkataramia, Advocate,, was notified as the elected non-official Vice-president under Government orders Nos.4156/L.B.56-19-1 and 5383/L.B.56-19-4 dated 24-9-19 and 10-11-19 respectively. The following gentlemen were notified as the elected non-official Vice-presidents of the Taluk Boards shown against them during the year under report together with Government orders.

NAMES OF GENTLEMEN ELECTED.	NAME OF TALUK BOARD.	GOVERNMENT ORDER AND DATE.
1. Mr.Agala Venkataramia,.....	SIRA	Notification No.
2. "" Vasudeva Rao.....	Pavagada.....	R.5055/L.B.
3. " Nanjundaiya.....	Kunigal.....	4-19-24 dated
4. " T.G.Nagappa.....	Turuvekere.....	3-11-19
5. " S.N.Sreenivasa Rao..... (amildar, GTR)	Tumkur.....	

6. Mr.D.Subba Rao..... Gubbi.....R.8182/L.B.4-19-56 dated 24-1-20

7. " Singri Nanjappa..... Tiptur.....R.10025/L.B.4-19-72 dated 2-3-20

8. " Sivalingappa setty..... Chikkanayakanahalli.....R.10866/L.B.4-19-77 dated 18-3-20.

9. " S.Shama Sastry..... .....Maddagiri.....R.14078/L.B.4-19-94 dated 24-6-20.

Government order No. 11660074/L.B.56-19-74 dated 6th April 1920 defines the powers and duties of the vice-presidents.

(c) Elections.

Under Government Notification Nos.1048/L.B.6-18-3 and 11758/L.B. 54-18-8 dated 16th July 1918and 15th March 19, containing rules for election of Chairmen of the Village Panchayats and the Vice-presidents of Taluk Boards, elections were held during the year and the results are as noted under (b) and 1.a (3)supra.

12. WORKING OF THE BOARDS AND COMMITTEES.

(a) New Bye-laws or Rules framed or existing ones amended.

The rules promulgated under the Local Boards and Village Panchayats Regulation during the year were:--

(1) Levy of house and shop taxes in the village panchayats and the procedure to be adopted therefor.

(2) Levy of tolls on public roads and bridges in Mysore.

(b) Meetings and Attendance.

There were 5 ordinary meetings and one special meeting of the District Board for the election of members to the Representative Assembly during the year. The average attendance of the official and non-official members was 4 and 13 against 4and11 respectively of previous year. Appendix 1. shows the particulars of meetings of the several Taluk Boards and the details of attendance. In Maddagiri, the number of meetings fell short by one for want of quorum. The other Taluk Boards held the prescribed number of meetings. The average attendance of official and non-official members at the meetings of the Taluk Boards was 2.7 and 7.5 against 2.4 and 4.7 respectively in the previous year. The Finance committee held 6 meetings, the average attendance of officials and non-officials being nil and 3 against.6 and 2 respectively of the previous year.

(c) Interest taken by non-official members:-

The members of the Local bodies have generally co-operated in the administration of the District Funds.

(d) Measures of initiative or development proposed or carried out during the year.

No measures of initiative of development were carried out during the year under report.

(e) Relations of the Boards with one another.

The relations of the Taluk Boards with the District Board and of the village panchayats with their respective Taluk Boards continued to be satisfactory. There was no occassion for exercising the power vested in the District Board under section 15 of the Local Boards and village Panchayats Regulation for default of performance of duty imposed on the Taluk Board. None of the Taluk Boards were declared independent under section 16 of the Regulation, nor was there any necessity to form any joint committee under section 17 of the Regulation.

(f) WORKING of the village Panchayats.

Of the 71 village Panchayats 6 met the prescribed numberof times, 22 held 6 and more meetings but less than the required number, 26 held less than 6 meetings and 14 had no meetings at all. Necessary instructions will issue to the Presidents of the Taluk Boards not only to impress upon the chairmen of the village panchayats the necessity of holding the required number of meetings but also to see that they do so in-as-much as the Presidents are vested with the control of the Panchayat administration, With a view to infuse greater life. The funds collected in the panchayats were as far as possible utilized for expenditure on works started therein.

3. FINANCIAL POSITION.

(a)and (b) Income and expenditure.

Excluding Debt Heads, the opening balance at the credit of the District Board for 1919-20was Rs.4,59,812. The total receipts aggregated to Rs.206779. The total expenditure was Rs. 116044. The closing balance was Rs.5,53,769, at the close of the year, the excess of Rs.3222/-being the Railway cess for 1918-19not credited to District Funds but added on to the balance of this year

to the balance of this year by the Local Auditors. A comparative statement of income and expenditure of the Board during the years 1918-19 and 1919-20 is exhibited below.

(i) RECEIPTS.

HEAD OF RECEIPT.	1918-19	1919-20	Difference.
A.Local Cess.			
(1) Allotment.....	1,26,749	97,507	- 29,242
(2) Railway Cess.....	47,379	25,151	- 22,228
B.House Tax.....	64,358	67,346	+ 2,988
C.Tolls and Ferries..	1,683	990	- 693
D.Fees, Fines and miscellaneous....	7,780	10,400	+ 2,620
E.Contributions.....	3,471	5,385	+ 1,914
T O T A L.	2,51,420	2,06,779	-44641

(II)

EXPENDITURE.

HEADS OF EXPENDITURE.	1918-19	1919-20	DIFFERENCE.
A.Public Works.	56,324	43, 716	- 12,608
B.Public Works.	18,647	2o, 669	+ 2,022
C.Administration and Collection.	9,418	14, 342	+ 4,924
D.Public Health, Safety, and Convenience.	28,629	37, 317	+ 8,688
E.Miscellaneous.	NIL:-	NIL	NIL
T O T A L	1,13,018	1,16,044	+ 3,026

The total decrease of Rs. 44,641 under Receipts during the year as compared with that of the last year was chiefly due to the non-receipt of any state grant towards the Drinking Water Wells Funds, to the decrease in the income realised under Local and Railway Cesses and also to the smaller amount realised in the sale of the toll gate at Nidasale.

The increase of Rs.3,026/-under expenditure is chiefly due to larger outlay on public works executed by the Civil Department during the year, to the payment of the vaccination establishment

vaccination establishment throughout the year and to the allowance paid on account of seasonal conditions to the whole time servants of the Board.

The Receipts of Rs.14,792/-under F.Public Debt were made up of deposits on account of sale of stray cattle and grant of Rs. 10000/-from the District Funds for sinking and improvement of wells in the rural parts.

The expenditure was Rs.70,220/-of which a sum of Rs.18,720/- was spent on well works and establishment charges and an amount of Rs.48,395/-was the Railway Cess credited to investment.

(c) The total closing balance including Debt Heads was Rs. 4,51,641 at the close of the year.

(d) Allotment of Funds among the Taluk Boards and Village Panchayats and their adequacy.

The distribution of funds among the Taluk Boards and union Panchayets was regulated with due regard to their requirements. There was no instance of inadequacy of the allotments made.

A sum of Rs. 16,000/-was allotted for expenditure during the year towards Public Works in village Panchayats and towards improvements, repairs etc., of Musafarkhanas in the Taluks according to the provision made in the Budget. In all, a sum of Rs. 9,684/- was spent towards public works, under B.out of the above allotments

(e) Demand, Collection, and Balance,

Appendix IV exhibits the demand, collection and balance of the District Fund Revenue. Out of the total demandof Rs.87,657/- including arrears under house tax and Mohatarfa in the village Panchayats and rural parts , a sum of Rs.67,379/-was collected, leaving a balance of Rs.20,278/-or 23% at the end of the year.

(f) Fresh imposts and variations in the rate of fees and tolls.

The rates of fees and tolls remained the same as in the previous year. Rules regulating the levy of tolls were issued with Government order No. R.8711/-L.B.54-18-15 dated 4th February 20. There were no fresh imposts.

(g) Loans.

No loan was raised by the District Board during the year.

4. PUBLIC WORKS.

(a) Important works executed, percentage of budget allotments allowed to lapse, if any, with causes for lapses.

A. The unadjusted balance at the credit of the Public Works Department out of the amount of crossed cheques issued for payment during last year was Rs.14,091/-and the amount paid during the year was Rs.43,716. Thus the total amount available for expenditure was Rs.57,807/-. Out of this a sum of Rs.38,857/-was spent on the improvement and repairs of District Fund roads, Rs.1974/- on those of buildings, Rs.735/on the establishment, tools and plants, thus leaving Rs.9625/-unadjusted at the end of the year. Leaving out of consideration/allotment of Rs.25,763/-under special works on which no outlay was incurred, about 37% was allowed to lapse on the allotment taken up. Since it is the Public works Department that has to work out the estimates as provided for in the Budget, the Department would be in a better position to explain the lapse.

B. The expenditure incurred by the Civil Department was Rs. 20,669/-. This includes a sum of Rs. 1000/-transferred to the District Drinking Water Wells Funds under F.Public Debt etc., The actual expenditure on works other than wells was Rs. 9684/-against an allotment of Rs.16,000/-resulting in a lapse of about 33% of the Budget grant. The lapses are heavy in the Taluks of Gubbi, Chikanayakanahalli, and Sira being 95% 75% and 75% respectively. The expenditure on works in the civil Department was incurred chiefly in the Village Panchayats for repairs of roads and construction of drains. Paucity of local contractors is said to be the causes underlying these lapses. It is hoped however that with the devolution of new responsibilities on the village Panchayats and Taluk Boards under the Local Self Government Scheme and with the sanction of separate budgets for them these lapses will be avoided by devoting greater attention to the timely and even distribution of expenditure throughout the year, which is being insisted on.

(b) Condition of roads and communication with reference to funds allotted therefor.

The total length of the District Fund roads repaired or improved by the Public Works Department was 515¾ miles at a cost of Rs.34,709/-

The maintenance grant varied from Rs.38/-to Rs.125/- per mile. Many of the roads were in good order and some required special repairs. It is hoped that with the sanction of the increased rates of milage there will not be generally frequent occasions for the undertaking of these special repairs.

(c) Improvement effected in the matter of opening and maintaining inter-village roads etc., and the extent of co-operation of villagers

No new roads were opened by the District Board during the year. 177 miles of village roads in the several Taluks were opened or improved under village Improvement schemeby the villagers with Government aid. It is said that want of co-operation among the people, the high prices and the tightness of the money market have retarded the progress under the scheme. However, the existing roads in some of the villages Panchayats were improved or repaired at a cost of Rs. 1551/-, during the year. A programme for opening out important roads in the District is prepared in the order of urgency and will engage the attention of the District Board soon after the receipt of estimates therefor from the Executive Engineer.

(d) Water Supply and Maintenance.

No grant was sanctioned from the State Funds towards the Drinking Water Wells Fund during the year under report; but a contribution of Rs.10,000/- was made from the District Funds towards the same. Including a sum of Rs. 64,891/-which remained unworked at the end of last year, there was a total sum of Rs. 74,891/-available for expenditure on well works during the year. Including the incomplete works of previous years, 228 wells at an estimated cost of Rs.51,970/- were in progress during the year under report. Out of these 57 wells were completed, leaving 171 works costing Rs.36,060/- to be worked out. The total outlay incurred was Rs.18,720/-including establishment charges. The progress was not satisfactory in the Taluks of Kunigal, Sira, Turuvekere, Gubbi, Chikkanayakanahalli, and Tumkur. The following are some of the reasonsthat retarded the progress of well works.

(1) High prices of food grains which have pushed up wages .

(2) High prices of materials.

(3) Unwillingness or incapacity coupled with laziness of the ryot to undertake execution of works during the slack season.

(4) Paucity of qualified local contractors.

It is hoped that Government orders of August 19 reducing the villagers' contribution to 1/3 of the estimate and waiving of the same in the case of the depressed classes will give greater impetus to the sinking of more wells and to the timely completion of them.

The old ~~well~~ musafarkhana well at Tumkur was widened and deepened by 6½ feet below 61feet in the hard trap by the use of explosives after boring a hole of 7½ ft with the aid of the Musto's Boring Plant This work involved an expenditure of Rs.577/-thus costing Rs.192/-a cubic yard . A detailed report has been submitted to Government observing the prohibitive nature of the cost and soliciting instructions as regards the data of working the machine in different soils and at moderate rates.

(e) Supervision of works by non-official members.

No appreciable help was afforded by the non-official members to the District Board in the supervision of works during the year.

5. PUBLIC HEALTH AND VITAL STATISTICS.

The number of births and deaths registered during the year in rural parts was 14,031 and 10,750 against ~~15,831~~ 15,742and53,238 respectively of the previous year. There was plague in the Taluks of of Tumkur, Gubbi, Tiptur, Turuvekere and Kunigal. The total number of deaths from this casue was 77 during the year. Cholera prevailed in the Taluks of Tumkur, Pavagada, Maddagiri and Kunigal and the Head quarter towns of Pavagada and Kunigal, the total number of deaths in the rural areas being 118. Stray cases of Influenza occurred in the Taluks of Tumkur, Gubbi, Chikkanayakanahalli and Tiptur and the Head quarter towns of Tumkur, Kunigal Turuvekere and Tiptur, the total ~~num~~ number of deaths from this cause being 54. The number of deaths has greatly decreased during the year owing to the absence of Influenza in an Epidemic form.

6.CONSERVANCY AND SANITATION.

Eighty seven sweepers and six peons attended to the conservancy work in the village panchayats. The sanitary Inspectors supervised the sanitation in rural parts and also helped in carrying out some of the District Fund works. The total cost incurred on establishment and other charges was Rs.13,523/-. The village improvement committees

committees have been doing fairly good work in the matter of improving the sanitation of villages.

A sum of Rs.95/-was spent on sanitation during Jatras as noted below. (1) Nagalmadike..... .....Rs. 25/-

(2) Sibi.....Rs. 30/-

(3) Doddadhalavatta.....Rs. 40/-

(a) Working of village sanitation rules.

The total number of villages in the District where these rules were in force at the end of the year was 1566. The number of persons prosecuted for breach of village sanitation rules was 79, of whom 36 were convicted and 39 acquitted and 4 pending trial. The amount of fine realised was Rs.118/-.

(b) Removal of prickly pear, lantana and other rank vegetation.

This work was to some extent attended to by village Improvement Committees. No amount was spent on this account from District Funds.

(c) Prevention and suppression of Epidemics.

The amildars with the aid of the sub-assistant surgeons and the Deputy Inspector of vaccination took the necessary steps to check the spread of small pox, cholera and plague, wherever these epidemics appeared, according to the standing orders and local circumstances.

(d) REgulation of markets and slaughter houses

There were no markets and slaughter houses under the management of the District Board.

(e) Fairs and Festivals.

No fairs and festivals involving expenditure from Distric Funds were held during the year. However, a contribution of Rs.150/- was paid as usual to the holding of the District Conference. Government order of the 17th March 1920 limits these expenses to Rs.200/-, which is ordered to be met from District Boards.

7. MEDICAL RELIEF.

(a) Working of Local Fund Dispensaries.

Appendix XVI shows the names of the local fund dispensaries and the number of patients treated therein. 1,08,117 patients were treated in the District against 1,26,621 of the previous year. The total cost of maintenance of Dispensaries was Rs.5,437 against Rs.4,974 of the previous year. The relieving compounder did his duties as

duties as in the previous year.

(b) Midwives and Maternity.

The number of midwives employed in the District and paid from District Funds was 13 and the total cost incurred on account of their pay and allowances was Rs.2650/- against Rs.2,600 of the previous year. In accordance with the Government order of the 10th September 1918, steps are being taken to provide quarters for the midwife at Tiptur in the first instance, as it was represented to be very urgently required there. Steps are also being taken to convert the female dispensary at Tumkur into a maternity with a class for training midwives as required by Government order of the 29th June 1918.

(c) Ayurvedic and Unani dispensaries.

There were ten vaidyasalas during the year under report, of which 7 were working. Government have sanctioned the opening of four more at Bargur and Bukkapatna (Sira Taluk), Bellavi (Tumkur Taluk) and Gummaghatta(PavagadaTaluk) during the year. 30,489 patients were treated in all the vaidyasalas against 30,762 patients of the previous year. The cost incurred from District Funds was Rs.1,068/- against 1,067/- of the previous year.

(d) Veterinary Dispensaries.

There were two institutions :- one Hospital at Tumkur and a dispensary at Maddagiri as in the last year. In the former, there is also a shoeing department. 120 horses were shod against 163 of the previous year. The number of cattle treated in both these institutions was 8297 against 2450 of the previous year. The numberof inoculations made by both the assistant veterinary inspectors was 3724 against 5192 of the previous year. Both thses institutions were inspected in June 20. The work turned out was satisfactory. The increase this year in the number of cattle treated is due to the rising popularity of these institutions.

(e) Vaccination.

The number of persons (Children)vaccinated during the year was 12,353 against 7,808 of the previous year. The increase was dueto the outbreak of small pox specially in the Taluks of Maddagiri and Kunigal and also to the general appreciation of the protection afforded by vaccination against small pox by the public at large.

Government have passed orders approving of the Sanitary Commissioner's proposals fixing the minimum number of primary vaccinations as 31 per 1,000 of population per year and empowering the Presidents of District Boards to retrench the allowances in proportion to this fall. They have also ordered the opening of a training class every quarter at the vaccine institute prescribing rules therefor and empowering the District Boards to sanction scholarships to them. The District Board have since sanctioned one scholarship of Rs.10/-to a native of the District.

8. PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND OTHER MEASURES OF PUBLIC UTILITY.

(a) Accomodation for travellers.

19 third class travellers' bungalows and 32 musafarkhanas were maintained from District Funds at a cost of Rs.6,041/-. A sum of Rs. 4,093 was spent on the construction and improvement of musafarkhanas and travellers' bungalows. The fees collected from travellers whose number was about 2319 during the year were Rs.432/-. The construction of a new Musafarkhana at Nelapatna on the Devarayana Durga Hills has been sanctioned by Government and steps are being taken in the matter.

(b) Cattle shows and Exhibitions.

Cattle shows were held at the following places in the District during the year under report.

(1) Kyamenahalli, Koratagere Sub-Taluk.

About 33,000 head of cattle collected during the show held at Kyamenahalli on the 31st January 1920 and 1st February 1920 and prizes of the value of Rs.150/-were awarded. No sanitary charges were paid from District Funds during the year for the show.

(2) Nagalmadike, Pavagada Taluk.

About 5,000/head of cattle assembled during the show held at Nagalmadike on 31st December 19 and prizes to the extent of Rs.50/-were awarded A sum of Rs.50/- was paid from District Funds as a grant for the organisation and Rs.25/-for sanitation charges.

(3) Tavarekere, Sira Taluk.

About 3,200 cattle assembled at the show organised on 31st January 1920 by the local public at Tavarekere and prizes to the extent of Rs.22/-were awarded.

(4) No cattle shows were held during the year

(4) No cattle show was held during the Dandinamaramma's Jatra at Maddagiri on account of outbreak of cattle diseases in this and the neighbouring Taluks. Government in their order of the 26th January 1920 have sanctioned the levy of fees on cattle asembled at the uniform rate of anna one per head of cattle

(c) Ferries.

There are no ferries in the District.

(d) Cattle pounds.

There were 134 cattle pounds in the District. The income from pounds was Rs.7958 and the expenditure was Rs.3012. A sum of Rs. 982/-was spent on the improvement of these pounds during the year.

(e) Facilities afforded for the improvement of the breed of cattle

No breeding bull was maintained out of the District Funds in the District during the year for want of accommodation in the Veterinary Dispensaries. However, the District Board are encouraging the maintenance of the same by paying their quota in favour of those earnest and willing persons applying for the bulls at concession rates. Government in their order of the 25ht March 20 have raised the rate of concession from Rs.75/-to 150/- a bull, on account of the general rise in prices.

1X GENERAL.

(a) Accounts and Audit.

The Finance Committee consisting of five members met six times in all during the year. The Committee checked the monthly accounts and helped the District Board in framing the Budget. The Local Audit staff of the Comptroller's Office audited the accounts of the District Board from the month of July 1918 to the end of December 1919, and no serious irregularities have been found or noticed.

(b) Government in their order No. 514-66/E.C. 15-19-1 dated the 12th July 19 have passed orders transfering the Economic Development work to the Local bodies concerned. A separate report will issue from that branch.

The work of the several Taluk Boards and the District Board may on the whole be said to be satisfactory.

PRESIDENT.

DISTRICT FUND ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE MYSORE DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR 1919-1920

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I CONSTITUTION

(a) Boards :- There was no constitution of New Boards during the year

(b) Appointments of non-official Presidents and Vice Presidents :- The District and Taluk Boards having been given the privilege of electing their Vice-Presidents, a non-official Vice President was elected by the District Board The Amildar of the Mysore Taluk and the Deputy Amildar of the French Rocks Sub Taluk were elected by name as Vic Presidents of the respective Taluk Boards The Taluk Boards of Heggadadevankote and Nanjangud did not take any action to elect their respective Vice Presidents The remaining Taluk Boards elected their own non-official Vice Presidents

(c) Election :- The administration of the District Board continued to be done by the old members till it was reconstituted in November 1919 According to the new constitution the District Board has 30 elected and 15 nominated members including 8 ex-officio members

II WORKING OF BOARDS AND COMMITTEES

(a) New bye-laws and Rules framed or existing ones amended :- There were no bye-laws or rules existing at the beginning of the year and no bye-laws or rules were framed during the year under

and Municipal Conference in Madras and has send in a report of his impressions of the same which was very interesting

H. Ramaswamy Iyengar

for PRESIDENT,
absent from Head Quarters
DISTRICT BOARD OF MYSORE, MYSORE

B S S

report

(b) Meetings and Attendance :- Under the old constitution , the District Board held one special and one ordinary meeting. The special meeting was held for the purpose of deputing members to the Dasara Representative Assembly of 1919 After the District Board was reconstituted, four ordinary and one special meetings ~~was~~ were held, the latter for the purpose of considering the draft budget estimates of the Board for the year 1920-21 On the whole, the average attendance of non-official members was 24 8 as against 14 in the previous year The increase in the number of non-official members on the Board according to the new constitution accounts for the increase in the average attendance as compared with that of the previous year

The several Taluk Boards held in all 77 ordinary, 5 adjourned and 27 special meetings The prescribed number of ordinary meetings viz 6 was not held by the Taluk Boards of Heggadadevankote Gundlapet, T Narasipur, Seringapatam and Nanjangud The Taluk Board of Seringapatam held the lowest number of meetings viz 3 The average attendance of non-official members was lowest viz 3 8 in the case of Hunsur Taluk Board

The Finance Committee consisting of 4 non-official members was constituted in January 1920 and met thrice in the year The average attendance was 2 6

(c) Remarks about the interest evinced by the non-official members :- The attendance of the non-official members of the District Board was fair and

the members evinced much interest in the discussions on the various subjects that were placed before the Board

(d) Measures initiated or development proposed or carried out during the year :- There are no remarks to offer on this point

(e) Working of Village Panchayets :- The total number of Village Panchayets which were actually in working order was 84 Viz the old union Panchayets which were converted into Village Panchayets under the Local Self Government Scheme

The prescribed number of meetings viz 12 was held by the Village Panchayets of

Kamplapur	Hunsur Taluk
Bettadapur	
Kudlur	Chamarajanagar Taluk
Kuderu	
Bellur	Nagamangala Taluk

Thefolowing Village Panchayets held only one meetings :-

Manchanahally	Yedatore Taluk
Kuppe	
Bellur	
Mullur	Heggadadevankote Taluk
Kalkuni	~~T Narasipur~~ Malavally Taluk

No meeting was held by six Village Panchayets in the Yedatore Taluk, one Panchayet in Heggadadevankote Taluk, two Village Panchayets in the Gundlapet Taluk, five Village Panchayets in the Seringapatam Taluk and one panchayet in the Malavally Taluk

The above facts indicate that the work of -- these bodies was on the whole not satisfactory in spite of the the fact that each Village Panchayet has its own Chairman now The Presidents of the Taluk

Boards concerned will be asked to investigate the matter and find out what facilities are required for the better working of these local bodies

It may be stated here that the newly formed Village Panchayets have not yet begun their work in the majority of cases The matter will be enquired into and necessary action taken to help --- these bodies in making their administration useful and successful

III FINANCIAL POSITION

(a) Income :- The year opened with a balance of Rs 622133/- at the credit of the District Board The total income under all service heads aggregated Rs 345657/- as against Rs 318586/- in the previous year shewing a net increase of Rs 27072/- which was mainly due to (1) adjustment of deposit items (2) larger realisations under local cesses including railway cess (3) better collection under Mohatarfa in non-Village Panchayet arrears

The income under railway cess was Rs 60968/- as against Rs 50246/- in the previous year and this does not form an integral part of the District Board Revenue Owing to better collection of Land Revenue, the allotment under local cess was Rs 112818/- viz Rs 13523/- more than the allotment for the previous year The income from local cess on Excise etc , was Rs 41661/- as against Rs 52526/- for the previous year As the latter includes also a portion of the income for 1917-18 taken credit during 1918-19 there was an apparent decrease in the income for 1919-20 The increase under (1) Tolls. (2) Sale proceeds of stray cattle (3) Sale proceeds

of lands and (4) Sale of manure was due to the adjustment of deposit amount by transferring the latter to the proper head of account There was no grant from State Funds to the Drinking Water-Wells Fund and this accounts for the variation between the receipts for the year 1918-19 and 1919-20

(b) Expenditure :- The total expenditure during the year was Rs 224263/- as against Rs 181978/- in the previous year, showing a net increase of Rs 42285 This net increase was mainly due to (1) larger outlay under "A Public Works" (2) the payment of grain and local allowances to District Fund employees (3) Payment of arrears of ~~the~~ previous years in respect of travelling allowance of the members of Taluk Boards and commission due to Shangogues and Patels for collecting taxes in Union Panchayets (4) Payment of the cost of disinfectants supplied to the several Taluks and the District Sanitary Officer (5) the debit of the entire cost of vaccination to District Funds in accordance with the standing orders of Government on the subject

(c) Closing balance :- The balance at the credit of the District Board at the end of the year 1919-1920 was Rs 752933/- including Rs 152237/- being the total Railway Cess collected during the years 1917-18, 1918-19 and 1919-20

(d) Allotment of funds among Taluk Boards and Union Panchayets and their adequacy :- The several budget grants were treated as common to all local Boards and the expenditure incurred by these Boards was debited to these grants No allotment of funds

was separately made either to Taluk Boards or Village Panchayets

(e) Demand, Collection and balance :- The current demand under the several heads of income was Rs 352358/- as against Rs 328503/- in the previous year showing an increase of Rs 23855/- which was mainly due to larger income under Railway Cess and under Mohatarfa in non-village Panchayet areas The collection on account of the current demand was Rs 333652/- The arrears outstanding at the beginning of the year amounted to Rs 88098/- and the collection towards the arrears was only Rs 12005/- which gives a small percentage of 13 6 The balance that remained uncollected at the end of the year was Rs 94794/- The heaviest arrears viz Rs 22533 relate to Nanjangud Taluk

(f) Fresh imposts and variations in the rates of fees and tolls etc :- There were no fresh imposts and variations in the rates of fees etc

(g) Loans :- No loans were raised during the year under report

IV PUBLIC WORKS

A Public Works :- The total outlay under this head was Rs 99329/- including the cost of establishment and tools end plant The sum of Rs 1667 being the balance of the expenditure incurred in June 1919 was claimed and a crossed cheque issued therefor in the year under report Excluding this expenditure of the previous year the ~~total~~ actual charges relating to 1919-20 amount to Rs 82656 including Rs 40/- on account of maintaining the Akkihebbal Bherya Road which is under the supervision of the

Executive Engineer No/ V Yedatore Division The total claim made by the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division for the year 1919-20 was Rs 87562/- and the actual amount for which crossed cheques were issued was Rs 82616/- The balance was placed under objection and was not adjusted before the close of the year as necessary information was not furnished by the Executive Engineer in respect of all the items placed under objection The chief items placed under objection were (1) Improving the -- Forest Road between Hondrabal and Kyathedevaragudi As this road is not a District Fund Road the outla on account of this road was disallowed (2) Pay of the watchman attached to the Diddapur Lodge The Executive Engineer has been charging the pay of the watchman to the provisions under " A Public Works" As this expenditure is not a legitamate charge upon public works, this item has been placed under objection The pay has to be drawn separately in a pay bill form and the cost debited to the proper head of account viz " D 4 Accommodation for -- travellers" The authority for entertaining the watchman has not been furnished by the Executive Engineer (3) Want of sanction of the District Board to certain estimates (4) Surveying Roads As details of the roads surveyed with authority for the same had not been furnished Hence the outlay was placed under objection The matter is still under correspondence and the Executive Engineer has not yet given a final reply to all the objections The expenditure in June 1920 was at first estimated to be Rs 30600/- and this amount having been claimed, a crossed cheque was issued therefor But the

actual outlay in June 1920 being Rs 32965/- the -- balance of Rs 1965/- remained unadjusted at the end of the year of report and this has to be paid in the current year

The total length of District Fund Roads under " Repairs " is 651½ miles of which 470 miles are metalled and the remainder unmetalled Roads

B Public Works executed by the Civil Department

The total expenditure under this head was Rs 11553/- against a budget grant of Rs 50000/- Tho lapses amounted to Rs 38447/- which gives a percentage of 76 8 as against 66 9 in the previous year Owing to the existence of a large number of incomplete works pending at the beginning of the year and in view of the fact the progress was not satisf ctory estimates were not sanctioned in respect of the majority of budgeted works for 1919-20 This check was exercised so that all the incomplete works might be pushed on to completion This circumstance accounts for the unavoidable large lapses of budget provisions The Presidents of Taluk Boards will be asked to see that all incomplete works are completed and new works commenced according to a carefully prepared programme in order to minimise lapses in the current year

The number of works which remained incomplete at the beginning of the year was 106 requiring an appropriation of Rs 18799/- The number of new works sanctioned during the year was only 49 Out of the incomplete works 50 works were completed and out of the new works 13 works were completed The total number of works that remained incomplete on 30th June 1920 was 92

(b) Condition of roads and communication with reference to the funds aldotted therefor :- The mileage allotments of some of the important roads maintained by Public Works Department was raised during the year resulting in an increase of -- Rs 18000/- on account of annual maintenance charges It was reported in the 1st year's report that the general condition of t e District Fund Roads was poor and that it was disgraceful in some cases The Government in their ~~xxdax~~ general review (G O No R 11830-43/1 B 57-13-26 dated the 9th April 1920) have directed that the mileage rates should be suitably increased to keep the roads in a satisfactory condition The matter is under correspondence with the Executive Engineer . It may be stated here that unless the District Board has its own Engineering Establishment, it cannot be hoped that the Public Works Department could give their undivided attention to this portion of their work without prejudice to their legitimate work . By keeping a separate establishment for the purpose , the Board can exercise a proper check over the expenditure of their money inasmuch as the establishment will be directly responsible to the Board It is ~~requested~~ requested that Government may be pleased to pass early orders in the matter of entertaining a separate District Fund Engineering Staff in accordance with the scheme sent up from this office for sanction In addition to the annual repairs there was a total outlay of Rs 15605/- on account of the special repairs of the undermentioned roads

1	T Narasipur-Chamarajanagar Road	2939
2	Gundlapet - do	6443
3	Frazerpet-Hadya-Bettadapur Road	421
4	Yelwal-Hassan Road	2188
5	Hunsur-Begur Road	343

6	Hassan-Periyapatna-Cannanore Road	282
7	Hunsur Hanagodu Road	49
8	Kowlande-Kollegal Road	235
9	Seringapatam-Sosale-Sivasamudram Rao	2705
	Total	Rs 15605

The minor Roads under the supervision of the Civil Department received due attention in the metter of their up-keep and the total expenditure incurred therefor was Rs 5240/-

(c) Improvements effected in the matter of opening and maintaining inter-village roads and other communications and the extent of co-operation on the part of rural population in this metter :-

The village Improvement Committees are reported to have ~~paid~~ paid due attention in theis respect and the total length of 137 miles of village roads are reported to have been either newly opened or improved during the year at a cost of Rs 5132/-

(d) Water-supply and maintenanee :-

The number of well works that were newly sanctioned was 21 and there were 147 incomplete works at the beginning of the year The total outlay on account of well works was Rs 6998/- excluding the cost of establishment viz Rs 1660/- There was no expenditure on account of well works in the Nanjangud Taluk and French Rocks Sub Taluk The number of works that remained incomplete at the end of the year was 142 The number of cases in which contribution equal to one half of the cost was levied was 12 In the case of six well works contribution which was less than the prescribed proportion was allowed and in three cases no contribution was levied The proportion of contribu-

tion payable by the ryots has been reduced from one half to one third of the estimated cost and much discretion has been given in the matter of waiving contribution in cases in which the villagers are poor and belong to Panchama class With these concessions it is hoped that better progress may be acheieved in the current year The continuance of the services of the temporary Well Overseer and the peon attached to him was sanctioned by Government and the cost incurred on account of this temporary establishment was Rs 1660/- The Musto Patent Boring Plant which was purchased during 1917-18 was not tried any where during the year under report The plant being a large one there is much difficulty in transporting it freely from one place to another Heavy expenditure is involved for conveyance and for fixing and coupling the parts The Well Overseer has furnished a programme for its use in the current year and the results of its working will be watched

(e) Supervision of works by non-official members

The services of non-official members were not utilised for this purpose

(f) District Board Raolways :- There are no District Board Railways in the District at Present

V PUBLIC HEALTH AND VITAL STATISTICS

The Influenza Epidemic which carried away 31881 souls during the year 1918-19 was responsible only for about 70 deaths in the year under report The total number of deaths from all causes was consequently 15,385 as against 45,628 in the previous year There was also a decrease in the number of deaths

deaths from small-pox which had a mortality of 1051 as against 4057 in the previous year

The total number of ~~deaths~~ births was 14872 against 13436 in the previous year

VI CONSERVANCY AND SANITATION

(a) Working of Village Sanitation Rules :- The total number of villages into which these rules may be introduced is 2098 and these rules were in force in 1567 villages at the beginning of the year of report The number of villages into which these rules were introduced during the year under report was 39 Under these rules 34 cases involving ~~36~~ 35 persons were instituted, the chief offences being building houses without licenses and committing nuisance Eighteen cases were disposed of by convicting nine persons and acquitting nine persons The total amount of fine imposed was Rs 31/-

As regards reservation of separate places for storing manure, two villages in the Heggadadevankote Taluk were given separate places for the purpose

The system of village conservancy existed in 6 places as in the previous year and the total cost incurred for the purpose was Rs 675

The outlay on account of repairing drains was Rs 55/- in the Nanjangud Taluk In connection with the improvements of sources of water supply fourty new wells were sunk at a total cost of Rs 5916 There was an outlay of Rs 1082 for improving or repairing eight existing sources of water supply

(b) Removal of lantana, prickly pear and other

rank vegetation :- There was no expenditure from District Funds for this purpose

(c) Prevention and suppression of Epidemics :-

During the prevalence of Plague the usual preventive measures adopted were evacuation of houses inocculation of persons and disinfection of infected houses The total number of persons inocculated during the year is reported to be 560 Shed materials were also supplied by the Forest Department and these were given gratis to indigent persons An advance of one month's pay subject to a maximum of Rs 30/- was also given to the officials to enable them to camp out

Influenza did not prevail in any epidemic form A sum of Rs 100/- was advanced to the Amildar of Hunsur to meet the charges connected with the Influenza measures

(d) Regulation of Markets and Slaughter Houses :-

There are no slaughter houses under the control of the District Board There was a total income of Rs 11019/- from collecting fees at the markets of Santhemarahally, Terakanamby and Attigodu

(e) Fairs and Festivals :-The total cost incurred on account of conservancy establishment and sanitation during Jatras was Rs 1110/- The District Sanitary Officer visited important fairs and festivals for supervising sanitary arrangements

VII MEDICAL RELIEF

(a) Working of Local Fund Dispensaries :- There was no increase in the number of Local Fund Dispensaries in the District The total number of patients treated was 319552 as against 330862 in the previous

year The total cost contributed from District Funds towards the cost of Medical Relief was -- Rs 11443/- as against Rs 10840/- in the previous year

(b) Midwives and Maternity :- Including the Vani Vilasa Hospital, Mysore the total cost incurred under this head was Rs 4445/- The Midwife attached to the Dispensary at Mandya performed the largest number of cases viz 184 against 163 in the previous year The smallest number of cases viz 12 was performed by the midwife of Heggadadevankote Taluk The average number of cases attended by each midwife per month was 3 5 as against 3 9 in the previous year, the total number of cases conducted by the midwives being 1050 as against 1237 in the previous year

(c) Ayurvedic and Unani Dispensaries :- The total outlay under this head was Rs 1530/- as against Rs 1376/- in the previous year, the excess being due to the entertainment of a Vaidya at Bilikere in the Hunsur Taluk The Pandits for the Vaidyasalas at Malali, Mattikere and Hanagodu have not yet been entertained as qualified hands ~~were~~ are not coming forward to accept the post owing to the -- smallness of the allowance payable to them at present A scheme for fixing the allowance at Rs 50/- has been submitted to Government and their orders are awaited

(d) Veterinary Hospitals and Dispensaries :- In addition to these institutions at Nagamangala and Mysore, the Dispensary sanctioned to be kept at Hunsur began its work in the month of June 1920 and

it has been located in a rented building

The total number of patients that attended the Hospital at Mysore was 7952, the number of fresh admissions being 2632 There were 185 major and 161 minor operations The amount of fees collected for treatment at the Hospital was Rs 188-4-0 as against Rs 189-12-0 in the ~~previous~~ previous year

The total number of patients treated at the Dispensary at Nagamangala was 5933 including 1456 fresh admissions The Assistant Veterinary Inspector has not furnished information regarding the number of inocculations performed by him This omission has been pointed out to him

(e) Vaccination :- The total number of vaccinations during the year was 18832 as against 25574 in the previous year, showing a decrease of 6742 The reason for this large decrease has not been explained by the District Sanitary Officer

The total cost incurred under this head was Rs 5386/-

VIII PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND OTHER MEASURES OF PUBLIC UTILITY

(a) Accommodation for travellers :- The third class Travellers' Bungalow at Mysore was transferred to the charge of the Medical Department during the year under report The total cost incurred on account of establishment charges relating to third class Travellers Bungalows and Musafirkhanas was Rs 8103/- and the total outlay for supplying vessels to these ~~bungalows~~ buildings was Rs 1272/-

(b) Cattle Shows and Exhibitions :- Cattle Shows were held as usual at Chunchanakatte , Hemagiri, Mudakatore and Maddur

There was a collection of 28800 head of cattle at Chunchanakatte Twenty six prizes were awarded in the form of gold and silver medals at a total cost of Rs 200/- which was as usual contributed from District Funds, the moiety being recovered from the Temple funds The total income from all sources amounted to Rs 4163/- while the total expenditure was Rs 960/-.

At the Hemagiri Jatra there was a collection of 25200 head of cattle excluding 300 goats and sheep and it is reported that nearly 3400 pairs found sale at Rs 500/- each pair The number of prizes awarded in money was eleven and the usual contribution of Rs 100/- was paid from District Funds, half the amount being recovered from the -- Funds of the Temple The total receipts from all sources aggregated Rs 3155/-

The remaining cattle shows call for no remarks The total expenditure under this was Rs 750/- The District Board sanctioned an annual contribution of Rs 50 to the newly organised Cattle Show at Kotebetta, Nagamangala Taluk

(c) Ferries :- The number of ferries remained the same viz 20 as in the previous year and the -- total income realised under this head was Rs 782/- as against Rs 645/- in the previous year There are no ferries in the Taluks of Mysore, Mandya, Nagamangala, Gundlapet and Chamarajanagar

(d) Cattle Pounds :- The Total income and expenditure under this head was Rs 511/- and Rs 1584/-, respectively

(e) Facilities afforded for improvement of the breed of Cattle :- Two breeding bulls were supplies during the year to the marginally noted persons in the Hunsur Taluk

Suryanarnappa	The Amildar has not furnished
Kari Gowda	necessary particulars regarding

the results of the coverings of these bulls and this information has been called for

IX GENERAL

(a) Accounts and Audit :- The District Fund accounts for the year 1918-19 and for six months from July to December 1919 were audited during the year under report The objection statements and audit note relating to the year 1918-19 have been received and disclose no irregularities

(b) Miscellaneous :- 1 The construction of Dispensary Buildings and Quarters to the Sub Assistant Surgeons at Arakere, Bettadapur, Halagur and Hura was sanctioned during the year under report Pending the construction of these buildings at Bettadapur in the Hunsur Taluk the opening of the Dispensary in a rented building with effect from 1st July 1920 was sanctioned in consideration of the urgency of the case

2 The construction of a bridge across the Hemavati near Akkihebbal was finally ordered by Government during the year under report

3 In connection with the reorganisation of the Economic Conference, The District and Taluk Progress Committees were abolished and their respective functions transferred to the District and Taluk -- Boards in order to give a ~~satisfactory~~ statutory basis to the Development Work The District Boards have been given the privilege of returning one member to each of the Central Boards for Agriculture, Education and Industries and Commerce The Post of the Economic Superintendent was abolished and he has been appointed Secretary to the District Board for Economic Development Work

4 Rules were issued by Government for training employing and promoting Compounders and for training Vaccinators

5 Under the Scheme for the Development and organisation of Local Self Government, Rules were issued for :-

(1) Levying taxes in Village Panchayets

(2) Regulating levy of tolls

(3) Prescribing rates of travelling allowance to non-official Presidents and Vice-Presidents of District and Taluk Boards

(4) Defining the powers of Vice Presidents of District and Taluk Boards

6 The working of the Village Panchayets requires a few remarks Except the formation of villages into Village Panchayets, electing and nominating members to these bodies and appointing Chairmen, no further action has been taken to bring these bodies into a regular working order These bodies have not yet been given any control over their finances and the Village Fund as contemplated in Section 56 of the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation has not yet been brought into existence Even

in the case of Union Panchayets which have been converted into Village Panchayets the same difficulty exists in administrating their finances The -- Government in their order No R 7411-9/ L B 16-19-4 dated 6th January 1920 prescribed the procedure for the transaction of business in the New Panchayets But no action could be taken in the matter as instructions were not issued by the Comptroller for keeping accounts for each Village Panchayet at the Taluk Treasuries in accordance with the instructions issued in Government order No 12721-L B 6-18-15 dated the 2nd April 1919 In this connection attention is invited to Comptroller's letter No 180 dated 22nd January 1920 addressed to Government -- stating that he has not issued instructions to -- Treasuries for maintaining individual ledger account for each Village Panchayet He opines that it is impracticable to maintain in Taluk Treasuries detailed accounts for each Village Panchayet In addition to this , cheque books for the use of -- these bodies have not been supplied It is therefore requested that Government may be pleased to pass early orders about the budget and account rules of the District, Taluk and Village Funds as proposed by the Comptroller who has requested in his memo No 50/LAD dated the 30th July 1920 that orders of -- Government may be awaited

7 Non-official Vice President of the District Board :- Mr H Rangaswamy Iyengar the first elected Vice President of the District Board entered upon his duties on 1st January 1920 He has evinced the greatest interest and has been of much assistance to me in relieving me of a quantity of routine work During the current year he attended the Local

~~1920 - 1921~~

Report of the administration of District Funds in the Hassan District during the year 1919 - 1920.

I. Constitution.

(1) Creation of New Boards and abolition of the existing Boards.

There were 98 Local Boards (including 89 Village Panchayets) working in the District during the year under report as shown below :-

1 District Board (newly constituted)
8 Taluk Boards including the Board of the Sub Taluk of Alur,
and 89 Village Panchayets

29	in Arsikere Taluk
3	in Holenarsipur "
19	in Belur "
3	in Alur "
13	in Hassan "
11	in Arakalgud "
8	in Channarayapatna "
3	in Manjarabad "
89	

In Notification 209/L.B.97-17-4 dated 1st July 1918, 103 Village Panchayets were authorized to be constituted and later on this number was increased to 112. Owing to the absence of literate persons able to conduct the meetings and other local reasons the full number of

Vill

Village Panchayats could not be form-
-ed but the local officers were made
to keep the object constantly in ---
view by the issuing of the instructions
now and then. It is hope that the full
number of Village Panchayets will ---
have been formed before the end of -
December in the current year and ap-
-plications for the formation of ---
more Panchayets will also be received
ere long.

The Ancon District Board ---- (2) Non-official Presidents and Vice Presidents
elected their Non-official Vice Pre
-sident and the election was --
approved of by Government. In
accordance with Notification R.15240
/L.S.113-18-1 dated 26th May 1919 all
the Taluk Boards also elected their
Non-official Vice Presidents during
the year

Before the close of the year the (3) Elections
approval of Government was obtained-
in respect of all except the Vice Pre
-sident of Alur Taluk Board.

Although no new bye-laws or ---- 11. Working of Boards and Committees
Rules were framed on the motion of - (4) Framing of bye-laws and Rules
the Local Boards, yet at the instance
the Sanitary Department and the -
nment, the District Board met -
nsidered the draft rules

pertaining

pertaining to

(i) Sanitation during Jatras

(ii) Training of Vaccinators

(iii) Vaidyasalas

(iv) Measures for the prevention and suppression of Plague and offered their suggestions for the considera-tions of Government.

(5) Meetings and Attendance

The Hassan District Board was re-constituted during the year as per Notification 12077/L.B.91-18-11 dated 21st March 1919 fixing the constitution; whereby, the strength was raised from 30 to 36 members. The names of members have been published in Notification R.3283/L.B.26-19-4 dated 6th September 1919; R.4890/L.B. 26-19-10 dated 31st October 1919 and R.6901/L.B.26-19-12 dated 12th December 1919. Of the 36 members, 8 are Ex-officio members appointed by Government,

24 are returned by election from the Local Bodies, associations and Inamdars, and 4 are nominated members.

The Board met 9 times during the year as against 4 in the previous year. The first of the meetings was a special meeting of the Old Board held in July 1919 to elect 2 Members to the Representative Assem-

-bly

..ssembly.

There was another Special meeting held soon after the Re-constitution of the District Board in October 1919 to elect a Non-official Vice President of the Board and also to return members to the 3 Boards of Education - Agriculture and Industries and Commerce in connection with the amalgamation - of the functions of the District --- Committee of the Economic Conference - with those of the District Board. The other 7 ordinary meetings were those of the new Board.

The average attendance was 7 --- among Ex-officio and 22 among Non-official members as against 6 and 15 respectively.

(6) Interest evinced by Non-official members.

It is pleasing to note that Non-official members are taking a --- lively interest in studying the imp copies of proceedings circulated a among them and are coming prepared with the subjects notified for dis-cussion or consideration at the - meetings. Each one of them is --- anxious to have an opportunity of - expressing his views during the de-liberations, and as a result the du-ration of meetings for the consi-

-derations

consideration of subjects has had to be extended during the year and it has been also found necessary to have more meetings of the Board in order the to get through business.

(7) Measures of Initiative and Development proposed or carried out

One important measure proposed and sanctioned by Government in the recent past to enable the Board to undertake large and useful Public Works is the " Raising of the 5½ per cent Debenture Loan of Rs.85,000/-. for the construction of the Hemavathi Bridge near Gorur and a road from Chennarayapatna to Holenarasipur ".

The grant of extended powers to the Taluk Boards under the Local Self Government Scheme and the grant of extra funds and the amalgamation of the functions of the Economic Development Branch and of the District Board are expected to educate the local bodies to bestow more thought and attention to the measures of initiative and development in future years.

As it is, however the works of --- public utility (both original and repairs) taken up, at the instance of the Local Bodies, for execution during the year through the agencies of the

the Public Works and the Civil Depart-ments, were estimated to cost nearly Rs.1,46,500/- A list of the more im-portant of such works costing Rs.500 and above is appended (Statement No:IX)

The relation-ship of the local boards with one another continued to be as cordial as ever. No Taluk Boards was declared independent under Section 16 of the Local Boards Regulation nor was there any occasion for the District Board to provide for the performance of duty in default of the Taluk Boards under Section 12 of the Regulation.

(8) Relation of the Local Boards with one another.

The Village Panchayets that were fully constituted numbered 89 and they were given starting funds to work with the orders of Government publishing Rules for the levy of Professional Tax in Village Panchayets were duly communicated to all concerned. The forms of accounts and registers required to be maintained by them were also made known to them. But when instructions were issued to the Taluk Treasuries in accordance with the direction contained in the Government order No:R. 7411-9/L.B.16-19-4 dated 6th January 1920, in the matter of opening individual ledger accounts for each --- Village Panchayet, objections were received and on a reference being made

(9) Working of Village Panchayets.

made to the Comptroller, whot Officor intimated in his letter No:274-B/L....d. ted 22nd April 1920 that a reference had b en made to Government pointing out the impracticability of maintainin in Taluk Treasuries detailed accounts for each Village Panchayets. It was also stated in the same letter that the ---- Village Panchayets Cheque books were -- tion in the Press and would be supplied on receipt.. Neither final instructions were received by the Taluk Treasuries in the matter of opening of accounts for for the Panchayats nor were the prescri cheque books supplied for distribution.

In these circumstances the Villa Panchayets were only able to conduct the periodical meetings and take the need--ful preliminary steps to levy the t authorised by Notification ..../...-1-17 dued 28th August 191..

The business transacted by these Village Panchayets which were terminal unions is however detailed in Appendix No:V.

IIIY. Financial Position.

(1a) Income.

The year's opening balance was ------ Rs.2,78,585/-. The receipts under all heads amounted to Rs.2,02,966/-. Of the total sum of Rs.4,81,549/ Rs.7 ,03 /-

retained

pertaining to the loan raised for the construction of the Honnavathi bridge near Gorur and of the road from Channa-ray patna to Holenarasipur and Rs.60,655 to the Drinking water wells fund.

(11) Expenditure.

The total expenditure of the year was Rs.1,2[illegible],556/- as against Rs.1,2[illegible],123/- of the previous year.

(12) Closing Balance.

The balance ~~of account~~ that remained unspent at the credit of the District funds including the deposit held at the end of the year was Rs.3,56,013/-

(13) Allotment of Funds.

The following sums were set apart for works, in the several Taluks, executed by the Civil Department:—

	Original	Repairs
Hassan	Rs.6750	2525
Alur	" 500	2550
Manjarabad	" 3080	1212
Belur	" 2500	2500
Arsikere	" 1500	6100
Channarayapatna	" 4550	2000
Holenarasipur	" 1100	600
Ramnagud	" 7000	2400
For incomplete works in all Taluks	3000	4500
TOTAL	29,980	25,987

The above sums include the amounts provided for sanitary works in Village Panchayets also.

(14) Demand Collections and Balance.

Appendix IV shows the Demand under all the principal items of revenue ---- which

which was Rs.161720/- including arrears. A sum of Rs.1,34,740/- was collected during the year leaving a balance of Rs.26215/-. Of this balance, Rs.60 6/- will be the amount of local cess on --- Land Revenue items creditable to District Funds that remained uncollected at the close of the year 1919-20 The Local Officers have been directed to take rigorous steps to collect the arrears of Rs.19,359/- that remained uncollected under House-Tax, tolls, ferries and --- other items, before the end of December 1920. Progress in this direction is being watched.

(12) Fresh imposts and variations in the rates of fees tolls etc.

There was no change in this respect during the year. It may however be noted that under section (23. (1) (iv) of the Local Boards and Village Panchayats Regulation VI of 1913 the Government were pleased to make Rules to regulate the levy of tolls upon carriages carts and animals passing along roads and bridges vested in the District Board and issued their Notification No:R.3711 /L.B.54-18-15 dated 4th February 1920 in this respect.

(13) Loans.

The Debenture Loan for the construction of the Channarayapatna Holenarasipur Road and the bridge across Hemavathi river near Gorur in the Hassan Taluk was sanctioned in the year 1918-19 for ----

Rs.85,000/

Rs.8t[illegible]/- consisting of 850 shares of Rs.10[illegible]/- each. The District Board have been able to collect, as already ~~stated~~ stated, Rs.74,625/- Before collecting the full amount of ------ Rs.8[illegible],000/- (which is moiety of the cost of the said two works, the other moiety of the cost being borne by the Government) it was made known that the original estimate of the cost of the bridge work was found inadequate as no tenders approaching the rates mentioned in the estimate were forthcoming. Pending the revision of the estimate/ the balance of share money due on shares half paid has not been called for to save interest on that part of the loan until it is actually required. The forms of bond were got printed in the year for issue to the parties, and have since been prepared. In this connection, the issue of the Government Order No: M1.4588-97/G.F.173-19-2 dated 2nd February 1920 directing the addition of a rule to Mysore Savings Bank Rules, Viz., " Local Bodies may deposit at interest in the Savings Banks any surplus funds in their hands " was timely and the District Board approved of the suggestion to place the entire collections on account of the above loan in Government Savings Bank till

the

the amount was actually required for the bridge work. No other Loans have been raised by the District Board previously. In their meeting held in March 1920 the District Board arrived at a solution of the long pending --- question of the Resolution of the Kasaragod-Puliar Road by resolving that the Government be requested to sanction the raising of a loan of Rs.30000/- for this purpose, the repayment of the amount and of its interest being met by the realisations at two toll gates to be established at suitable places on the road. The proposal is before Government.

IV. Public Works.

(17) Public Works of importance executed, with percentage of lapses of allotments.

17) D.I...

The allotment for the year under ... Public Works-original - executed by the Public Works Department was Rs.32065/- This does not include nother sum of Rs.8500/- provided in the Budget for special repairs to certain District Fund Roads and other items. The ---- amount expended on Original works was 40 per cent of the allotment. The ... provide for ordinary repairs to District Fund Roads was Rs.37530/- and this appears to have been fully spent up the lapses under special repairs above referred to being 83·8.

(18) Civil Department

The allotment of Public Works not -

executed

executed through the agency of the --- Civil Department with the aid of the Sanitary Inspectors, employed by the District Board was Rs.8,967/- including the provision of Rs.7,100/- for incomplete works. The total amount spent was Rs. 1,135/- or only 22·6% of the allotment. The reason for the heavy lapses is to be found in the facts (1) that costly works such as the construction of Anicut-forbankings at Kannan (near the Railway station) Belur, Bilkodo, Kundur, Honnamr and Shar Kamabolgola on account of --- which a sum of nearly Rs.15,000/ was expected to be spent during the year, could not be started as no acceptable tenders were received from the contractors, and (2) that a large sum of - over one half of the remaining allotment which was intended to be distributed for working expenses among the Taluk Boards and Village Panchayets - could not be so distributed in the absence of instructions from the Comptroller to the Taluk Treasuries to -- open new heads in the accounts for the Taluk and Village Funds. This matter has already been dealt with in detail in paragraph (9) above.

In previous years the lapses were stated to be due to the fact that estimates for works provided for in the budget of the year had not been --

kept

kept ready duly sanctioned ro s to ad-
-mit of the works being co menced coon
xhas after the budgets wo.e passed by -
the Government. In theyear under ----
report, tha disability was overco e to
some extent by having se/eral or the
works sanctioned earlier but the diffi-
-culty that then ~~xxxxxxxx~~ pre conte i
itself was the unwillingness of the fe
contractors available in the District -
to accept the sanctioned r teb. The revi
-sion of the ratos and the estimates was not
~~xxxxx~~ an easy matter to be instantly
done. The absence of a trained agency
under the District Board with a District
Engineer and Staff was keenly felt. As
it was, the only course was to refer all
estimates to the Executive Engineer for
needful scrutiny and adv ce. The genera
of rates although it was but a year old
had to be sent for revision and this d o
not sent back promptly a it re uired
the sanction of the Superintending En-
gineer. It shou d also e noted th
the rates lowed by the District ~oard
are believed to be lower th n those ---
allowed by the ublic works Depart ent.
The general tendency in recent years is
to demand higher rates and it is under-
-stood that even the Depart ent of --
Public works have had occasions to
raise their rates. The available work-

corman are thus drawn away by the num
-ber and magnitude of the works un-
-der execution by that Department and
it is found hard under these conditio
to get District Fund works executed
promptly through the Civil Department.

These circumstances, viz., the depen-
dence of the District Board for pro-
fessional advice on the Engineering
Department, their inability to act
upon their own initiative in ---
getting the works executed, and the
absence of the works in their direct c
charge to be of any significance to
Labour, necessitate having a separate
Engineering Establishment for estim-
-ting and executing all District Fund
works - large and small - under ---
their direct control.

The total length of District --
Fund roads remained the same as in the
previous year viz., 458 2/10 miles. The
total cost of maintenance was Rs.37630
which has been fully utilized for the
purpose. There was some remark that
the roads in Belur Taluk required ---
greater attention on the part of the
Department of Public Works and this
matter was after an inspection by a
special Sub Committee appointed by the
District Board referred to the Execu
-tive Engineer for needful action. The

condition

(19) Condition of Roads and communications with reference to the funds alloted therefor

condition of the Roads was fair but -- requires improvement.

(2.) Water supply and maintenance. There was a sum of Rs.4660/ at the beginning of the year at the credit of the Drinking Water Wells Fund. The Government were pleased during the year to reduce the ryots' share of contribution for wells to 1/3 of their estimated cost. This concession was well known to the people and the recovery of the contribution was insisted upon in possible cases. In the meantime nine wells at an estimated cost of Rs.4593/- were sanctioned without recovering any contribution, for the benefit of the Panchamas. Three more wells at a cost of Rs.1698/- were also sanctioned after recovery in part of cash contribution from the villagers in consideration of their having executed the necessary earth work to the extent of the minimum contribution required of them. The total amount of expenditure on well -- works, both incomplete and newly sanctioned, was Rs.3561/6/-. Eleven -- wells were completed during the year. It may be mentioned that since the introduction of the Malnad Improvement Scheme, requisitions are scarcely being received from the Malnad parts of Kolar Kanjarabad and Salur and Perakalgud for providing wells, as the Malnad is rela-

Improvement funds are being freely utilised for the purpose. The difficulty hitherto experienced in recovering contributions from the villagers in four other Laindan Taluks and the small number of wells that were sanctioned under the circumstances — did not justify the appointment of any special Overseer for this work. In view of the fact that the Government are more anxious to see that satisfactory progress was made in providing a large number of wells in the rural areas, the manner of attaining the object in view was deeply considered and the District Board also consulted. Recently the District Board have resolved that the services of the Itinerant Lecturer may be usefully employed to advise the people about having good drinking water wells in preference to contaminated sources of water supply and to induce them to contribute towards the well works. Proposals to employ the Lecturers accordingly meeting his salary from the Drinking Water Wells Fund are before Government. When a sufficient number of wells are started no time will be lost in appointing the required supervising agency to ensure their progress.

(21) Supervision of works by non-Offl members.

The appointment of Non-Official Vice Presidents

Vice Presidents in the Taluk Board of Narasimhe, Belur, Manjarabad, Arakalgud and Chennarayapatna and the assignment to them of the duty of supervising and inspecting the works in progress do mate-rially serve the purpose. The District Board have also appointed a Works Committee as per Rules in the behalf.

(12) District Board Railways.

There are no such Railways in this District.

V. Public Health and Convenience.

(13) Vital Statitics.

Appendix XV furnishes the statistics under this head. The number of births in the year under report was 6571 as against 7010 in the previous year. The number of deaths was 7191. It is fortu-nate that although during the year the epidemic of Influenza prevailed largely in some of the taluks, the attacks were in the majority of cases mild. The Government were pleased to place funds for being utilized for the relief of the sufferers in order that the havoc of the previous year may not repeat itself. The Local Officers were provided with sufficients amounts for distributing distastic articles etc., and in the result with the efforts of all concerned the epidemic subsided after a short duration mostly in the malnad areas of the District. The num-ber of deaths attributed to fevers in-

-cludi

(24) Prevention and Suppression of the Epidemics of Plague Cholera and Small-pox.

including "Influenza" was 3196 during the year as against ten times the number in the year previous. The usual preventive measures were --- adopted against Plague which prevailed largely in the Arsikere and Holenarasipur Taluks and in a sporadic form in the other Taluks during the year. The District Medical and Health Officers were constantly on the move advising the people and inoculating them in the affected areas. The number of the deaths attributed to Plague was --- 393 as against 324 in the previous year.

The number of deaths from Cholera in the Taluks Arakalgud, Channarayapatna, Hassan, Holenarasipur, Arsikere and Manjarabad Taluks was 98. The necessary precautions to check the spread of the epidemic were --- taken under the guidance of the --- District Health Officer who was constantly on the alert.

The number of deaths from small pox was almost as large during the year as in the year before viz., 1209 as against 1309. Belur recorded the highest number of 247 deaths. Hassan Arsikere Channarayapatna, Manjarabad Arakalgud, Holenarasipur and Alur were next inorder with the 215, 204

190, 148, 98, 60, and 47 deaths respectively.

(25) Working of the Village Sanitation.

There were 8 prosecutions in the year for the breach of the provisions of the Village sanitation Rules, and the 8 persons involved were convicted. The amount of fine was Rs.10/- in all.

(26) Fairs and Festivals.

In this District, cattle-festivals of importance are held, outside municipal towns, in the following places annually.

(i) At Kalekal Tirupati near Arsikere.
(ii) " Konchammanahosakote in Channa-pad Taluk.
(iii) " Gorur in Hassan Taluk.
(iv) " Ramanathapur in Arkalgud Taluk.
and(v) " Kavinkere in Holenarasipur Taluk.

The usual sanitary arrangements were made by the District Board on the said occasions.

(27) Cattle shows and Exhibitions.

The only cattle show conducted by the District Board during the year was that held at Ramanathapur during the car-festival of Sree Subrahmanya Swamy. The needful sanitary arrangements were made by the District Health Officer going on the spot. The Veterinary Assistant of Hassan was also deputed to visit the place on that occasion. The show was well-attended. An advance of Rs.210 was drawn from District Funds for the sanitary arrangements. The realisations from the show amounted to Rs.600/- Other

Other cattle shows held in the District which were managed locally by the people or by the Municipalities concerned were:-

(1) The show at Hassan
(2) " at Shravanabelgola
(3) " at Channarayapatna
(4) " at Holenarsipur
(5) " at Doddaballapur in Arsikere Taluk.
(6) " at Kolar.

VI. Medical Relief

(28) Working of the Local Fund Dispensaries

The list of medical institutions including those subsidised by the District Board is to be found in Appendix XVI. The number of patients treated in all the dispensaries during the year under report was 1,50,342/- The expenditure borne by the District Fund on these institutions till the end of the year was Rs. 9277/- This amount includes the cost pay of compounders etc. incurred on account of midwives maintained by the District Board during the year was 14.

Midwives

There are no maternities in the District maintained either by the Government or the District Board. Proposals are however under consideration for establishing a maternity at Sakaleshpur and developing the Female Dispensary at Hassan into a Maternity. At Hassan the Redfern Memorial Hospital under the management of the Wesleyan Mission meet the want in this

Maternities

this direction to a certain extent.

(29) Ayurvedic and Unani Dispen-
-saries.

The Vaidyasalas now maintained by the District Board in this District are (1) the Dispensary at Gram under a Hakim. (2) Vaidyasalas at Halebid, and (3) at Hulikal under Hindu Vaidyans who have taken Diplomas from the Ayurvedic College, Mysore. Small contingent monthly allowances of Rs.10/- a month are granted to two more Ayurvedic Pandits dispensing medicines in their own houses at Kerlapur and at Mudrapatna in the Arsikere Taluk. The total expenditure on these institutions was Rs.1890/- during the year.

(30) Vaccination.

The work of Vaccination was under the direct control of the Deputy Inspector of Vaccinations as in the previous year. The number of vaccinations performed during the year was 11746/ as against 10155. The Deputy Inspector exercised an efficient check over his staff and worked zealously. The cost incurred by the District Funds on this account was Rs 3715/- as against Rs.1616/- in the previous year, when the establishment was transferred to District Funds.

(31) Veterinary Hospitals
and Dispensaries.

There were only two Veterinary dispensaries in the District during the year - one at Hassan and another at Belaluru. The Hassan Dispensary was made

made a Hospital in the previous year The Assistant Veterinary Inspector reported only 9 cases of contagious diseases during the year. The total number of inoculations performed against contagious diseases was 1017 for the whole of the District as detailed below

	Hassan	Sakalespur
1. Rinderpest	99	843
2. Black quarter	62	-
3. Haemorrhagica Septhicemia	13	-
Total	174	843

The number of inoculations in 1918-19 was 1005.

The Hassan Veterinary Hospital which is expected to serve the Taluks of -- Hassan Channarayapatna, Arakalgud, Holenarasipur and Arsikere, shews 6672 - cases as having been treated during the year against 6257 in the previous year 25 cattle were treated as in-patients. The number treated at the Sakalespur Dispensary the Assistant Veterinary Inspector whereof is expected to supervise the Malnad areas of Manjarabad and Belur is reported to be 4644 as against 4735 - 3 cattle were treated as in-patients. The number of minor and major operations in the year was 89 i the Hassan Hospital and 169 in the Sakalespur Dispensary against a total of 258 for the whole District in the previous year. Two breeding

bulls

bulls were maintained by the District Funds in the Hassan Hospital. Of the core serviceable and covered 171 cows as against 76 in the previous year. The calves are of a good type. The income on this account was Rs.171/- The touring work done by the Veterinary Assistants is noted below.

Number of days in camp.	Miles travelled.	Railway Journey.	No: of villages visited.
1	2	3	4
1. Hassan Assistant Veterinary Inspector (1) 32	1631	357 miles.	38
2. Sakalespur. Assistant Veterinary Inspector. (2) 38	530	-	30

(VI) Facility afforded to the Breeding of cattle.

There was one application for the supply of a breeding bull at concession rate from a ryot in the Hassan Taluk. This was under consideration by the District Board during the year and the matter is under correspondence.

(VII) Cattle Pounds.

The list of cattle pounds, 89 in number is furnished in appendix XII. The total income from these was Rs.6:19 equal to that of last year and the expenditure was Rs.2332/ as against Rs. Rs.2512/ in the previous year.

VII Public Convenience.

VII Public Conveniences
(34) Accomodation to Travellers

The District Board had under the control 16 III Class Traveller's Bungalows and 24 Dandifirkhanas. The number of travellers that resorted to them is reported to be 2392. The fees recovered amounted to Rs.646/. The cost incurred from the District Funds on their account is Rs.6378/- during the year. The institutions have been kept equipped. During the year under report attention was paid to getting up of estimates for repairs to some of the Dandifirkhanas which required overhauling.

(35) Ferries.

There were in all 31 ferries working in the District during the year. The maintenance of the boats and jungalls in an efficient condition was constantly under consideration. The neglect on the part of the contractors of boats when they were not using them was a serious matter. Special attention was paid in this direction and the local officers were instructed to see to the the condition of the boats. The net collection from the ferries was Rs.1213

VIII General
(36) Accounts and Audit.

The accounts of the District Board have been audited up to the end of December 1919 by the auditors sent by the Comptroller. No serious irregularities have been observed. It has noted to be noted that these half yearly audits have been found to be too frequent

fre.uent considering the disturbance caused to the routine work of the Offi Ordinarily, the District Board Office will be busy in the months preceding/ thepreparation of the budgets and the administration Reports and Accounts. The routine work will fall into arrear and this has to be got through in the other months. The increased number of meetings of the District Board almost every month the multitude of subjects brought up for discussion, the preparatio of lists and translation of the Agenda and the Proceedings for the information o the members including the non-English knowing gentlemen have added considerably to the work of the District Board offi In consequence of these items of work which occupy much of their time, the office seems to feel that unless it co -tinuous hours o. over working, it is hard to bring the work up to date. In these circumstances, it is suggested - that/whatever the advantage, the audit of - accounts of the District Board may be arranged to be held once in a year, in- -stead of twice, between the months of October and February when there is ex- -pected to be no special work of the -ing nature. - copy to reference all

be made to Government on the subject

In accordance with the directions contained in Government Order No: F10-60/3.C.I.-1 dated 1th July 19 the amalgamation of the functions of the District Board came into effect from the 1st January 1961. But the proposals about the revision of the establishment in consequence of the amalgamation were under the consideration of Government in the year the working arrangement of the Economic Development Branch was not materially altered. The Economic Superintendent continued to carry on the work under the general instructions from the Deputy Commissioner, President of the District Board. The subjects on the Economic Agenda were however duly considered at the meetings of the District Board and resolutions recorded. The Sub Committees required to be constituted were formed and programmes of work considered and passed

(37) Economic Development work.

the District Committee with those of

It may perhaps be useful to take a retrospect of the work done by the non-official members of the District Board assisted by the official colleagues at the several meetings so many as nine held during the year. Only the items of outstanding importance are taken up for

(38) Conclusion

for analysis.

Deputations or Elections.

The District Board elected (a) members from their body to the Representative Assembly (b) a non-official member as Vice President of the Board. (c) members to the Central Boards of Education Industries and Commerce (d) members to serve on the Finance Committee (e) and members for the Works-Committee.

B. Formation of Committees.

The following sub committees were formed to assist the District Board in the Economic Development Branch of work viz.,

(a) The Sub Committee for Education.
(b) " " for Agriculture
(c) " " Industries and Commerce.

Other committees were also formed for the time being, for the consideration of special subjects.

Viz.a. The Panchama Trust

b. Influence of Railway construction on the sanitation of towns & villages.

c. Plague preventive measures.

d. Grant-in-aid rules for Village Schools and Devakhanas.

e. The inspection of District Fund Roads, of Feitr Value, etc.

C. Communications such as Roads Bridges Ferries.

Subjects pertaining to some of the Roads and Bridges of ~~local~~ local importance which were taken up for discussion

were.

are,

(a) the restoration of the Koilor Kuliar road.

(b) the opening of the Kalgamu-Kolobid road.

(c) The Kagamugala Chiravanabelgola road.

(d) the Hirisave Aiyur road.

(e) the Kanakigud Baerya road.

(f) the Kolli gaare Kaligram road.

(g) the Bridge across the Aemavathi near Kanagore.

(h) the construction of the Gorur Hemavathi Bridge, etc.

The subject of the supply of good boats to ferries under the District Board and the measures necessary for periodical inspection and preservation of them were under consideration and definite conclusions have been arrived at.

In the matter of augmenting the resources of the Board with reference to the income and the growing expenditure shewn in the budget, the establishment of toll gates on the Shanka-thirth Bridge under construction and on the Arsikere-Kuliar Road proposed to be restored was also considered and it was resolved that further action should be taken in the matter. The Board also decided that the surplus balance at their credit not immediately required for public works be invested in the Government Savings Bank at

D. Finance

interest as authorised by Government.

Collection of Fees has been recommended in the following subjects to augment the resources of the District Board

1 Jagarvalli Shandy Dasanpura

2 Banavar Shandy, Arsikere Taluk

3 Annakatte Shandy, Do Do

Medical Relief.

On the subject of Medical relief the opening of a dispensary or Vaidyasala at Hiriyaru.

The establishment of a Female dispensary with maternity ward at Molenur Sipur and

" " " Shimlapur

The development of the female dispensary at Banavara into a maternity

the establishment of a dispensary at Sukravarapathe

And " " " at Hulkur, and were it also considered and needful action thereon.

The old scale of rates for country medicines sanctioned for Local and Dispensaries was suitably revised on the recommendation of the Senior Surgeon as the prices of articles of medicine have risen considerably.

Similarly, the District Board agreed to raise the scale of pay of midwives working under the Board.

The above do not enumerate the many subjects of economic importance discussed.

and disposed of by them as already stated in paragraph 37 above. The District Board are glad to acknowledge the G.General from the that the Non-official Vice Presidents of the several Taluk Boards in the District have evinced a keen interest in the duties assigned to them and have been willingly co-operating with their official Presidents in getting through the work of the Taluk Boards. The Non-Official Vice President of the District Board Mr. B. Venkoba Rao has been of much help to me as well as to the District Board.

(Sd) B. Venkoba Rao

Deputy Commissioner, President
District Board, Hassan District,
Hassan.

L.A.F.

"Copy"
Mr. Resident
D/Board

D. 3292 15/10/20

DISTRICT FUND ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE SHIMOGA DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR 1919-20.

****

1. Constitution.

(a) Creation of new boards and abolition of existing ones.

1. No new Boards were created and none of the existing Boards were abolished. The constitution of the Village Panchayets and of the Taluk Boards under regulation 6 of 1918 having been completed at the beginning of the year under report the election and nomination of members to the re-constituted District Board were taken up and completed. The names of members constituting the Board were published in Government Notification No R. 3268-L.B. 23-19-2 dated 5th September 1919 and the first meeting of the newly constituted Board was held on 10th November 1919.

(b) Appointment of Presidents and Vice Presidents to the Boards.

2. There was no change in the Presidents of District and Taluk Boards. The Deputy Commissioner of the District continued to be the Ex-Officio President of the District Board as ordered in Government Notification No R. 4166 L.B. 58-19-1 dated 24th September 1919. The Assistant Commissioner in charge of the Shimoga and Sagar Revenue Sub Divisions continued as Presidents

of the Head Quarter Taluk Boards of their respective Sub Divisions and in the rest of the Taluks the Amildars continued as Presidents.

3. The election of Vice Presidents to the Taluk Boards referred to in paragraph (b) (i) of Government order No R. 15240/ L.B. 113-8-1 dated 26th May 1919 was completed and all the ~~Taluk~~ Taluk Boards had their elected Vice Presidents during the year under report.

4. For the District Board Mr. C. Subba Rao, B.A.,B.L., was unanimously elected as Vice President of the Board when the re-constituted Board met for the first time during the year.

C. Election.

5. The election of members to the re-constituted Taluk Boards of Channagiri and Sagar which had been completed in the previous year was formaly approved by Government during the year under report. The election of Vice Presidents to the District Board and to certain Taluk Boards were held during the year as noted in Paragraphs 3 and 4 supra.

II. Working of the Board and Constitution.

(a) New bye-laws and rules framed and existing ones amended.

6. No bye-laws or rules were framed by any of the Boards in the District.

(b) Meetings and Attendants.

7. There were 36 members on the District Board on the last day of the year of whom 7 were Official and 29 non-official. 5 meetings were held against the same number in the previous year, one of them being a special one held for the election of members to the Representative Assembly with the old members and the other four being ordinary meetings under the new constitution. The average attendance was 5.75 among official and 22 amongst the non-official as against 5.8 official and 11 non-official in the year previous.

8. The Taluk Boards held in all 55 meetings against 61 in the previous year. Excepting Shimoga and Kumsi all other Boards have held the required number of meetings Statement appendix i gives the details of members present and the number of meetings held during the year.

C. Remarks about the interest evinced by the non-official members.

9. The elected Vice Presidents of the District ~~xxxx~~ and Taluk Boards have evinced keen interest in the affairs of the Boards and the members are likewise gradually realising the advantages of the Local Self Government Scheme in

all branches of development work.

(d) Measures initiative and development carried out during the year.

10. The opening of a female dispensary at Kallurkatte was sanctioned by Government during the year under report.

11. The District Board and the Tirthahalli Municipality have floated debentures for raising a loan to meet their quota of the cost of constructing a bridge across the Tunga river at Tirthahalli.

12. The reorganisation of the Economic Conference ordered in Government order No C. 514-66/ E.C. 15-9-1 dated 12th July 1919 was given effect to during the year under report. The District and Taluk Boards constituted the different Sub Committees for the consideration of questions requiring attention in connection with Economic work.

13. Estimates of special repairs to Sagar- Shiralkoppa and portions of Shimoga-Sorab Sirsi and Sagar Byadagi roads were approved by the Boards in order to improve the existing means of communication.

(e) Relation of the Boards with one another.

14. There was no change worth noticing in the relation of the Boards with one another during the year under report.

(f) Working of the Union Panchayets.

15. All the 105 villages into which the village Panchayet system has been ordered by Government to be introduced have been constituted into Panchayets but most of them still remain to be brought into working order. The Taluk Boards experience some difficulty in regulating the work as could be judged from the details furnished in appendix 5 which shows that only a very few Panchayets held the required number of meetings. The details of Panchayets and meetings held are as shown below.

Name of Taluk.	No. of Panchayets.	No. of Panchayets for which details of meetings are given.	No. of meetings held.	Remarks.
Shimoga.	7	3	20	Details not furnished for 4 Panchayets. In only one Panchayet the required No. of meetings were held.
Channagiri	19	19	61	In no Panchayet were 12 meetings held, in 4 more than 6 meetings were held.
Honnali	22	21	60	In only one Panchayet were more than 6 meetings held.
Shikarpur	15	No details furnished. A report is made to the effect that only the unions converted into Panchayets were working.		
Sorab	16	16	124	Only in 14 Panchayets more than 6 meetings were held.
Sagar	6	4	21	Only in one Panchayet more than 6 meetings were held.

Nagar	3	3	16	Do
Tirthahalli	5	5	36	It is only in 4 Panchayets more than 6 meetings were held.
Kumsi	12	12	158	In 10 Panchayets the requirec No. of meetings were held.

III. Financial Position.

16. The opening balance at the beginning of the year as audited by local auditors was Rs 2,88,303- the closing balance at the end of 18-19 being Rs 2,88,181 as per accounts.

17. The total receipts during the year amounted to Rs 1,85,939 against Rs 2,32,678 in the previous year, the large variation being due to the grant of 35,000 Rs towards the drinking water wells fund and Rs 26,731 relating to book transfer credit having been included in receipts in the previous year.

18. The expenditure during the year was Rs 1,20,027 as against 1,85,671 in the previous year and this difference is due to the inclusion of the book transfer amount of Rs 26,731 in the previous year's account under the debit side. The closing balance for the year was Rs 3,04,215.

(a) Income.

19. The details of income are furnished in the statement appendix

1. Local Cess.

20. The total receipts under Local cess was Rs 93,737 against Rs 82,820 in the previous year. The allotment of local cess on Land Revenue was Rs 79,730/- that on excise, forest and other Revenue assigned to District fund, as per Comptrollers intimation being Rs 14,007.

2. Railway cess.

21. The receipts under railway cess amounted to Rs 33,397 against Rs 25,994 in the previous year, the increase being due to collection of arrears.

3. House tax.

22. The amount of house tax including Mohatarga, collected during the year was Rs 30,240 against Rs 33,441 in the previous year. The increase was due to better collection in some of the Panchayets. The arrears of other Panchayets are still heavy. The Chairmen of the Panchayets have been asked to take needful action for collecting the arrears under the present rules.

4. Tolls.

23. The receipts under this head was Rs 4165 as against the actual receipt of 2436 in the previous year. The increase due to collection of arrears which were withheld on the plea of loss sustained on

account of control exercised over exports and imports and the collection in full of the current demand.

5. Ferries.

24. The collection amounted to Rs 2523 against Rs 1246 in the previous year on account of recovery of arrears.

6. Cattle pounds.

25. The receipts under cattle pounds are shown in the statements appendix 12. The total receipts under this head amounted to Rs 2918 against Rs 2490 in the previous year which is due to increase in the No. of cattle pounds.

7. Market collection.

26. The amount of receipts under this item was Rs 2446 against Rs 2874 in the previous year, the decrease being due to short collection in Anavatti and Ulavi markets.

8. Fees from Travellers' Bunglows and Musafirkhanas.

27. The receipt under this item was 449 against 498 in the previous year.

9. Interest on investment.

28. The amount of receipt under this head was Rs 8431 which related to the interest on the Shimoga District Board railway loan deposit against Rs 34,416 shown in the accounts of previous year, the variation being due to a sum of Rs 26,732 being credited by book transfer from deposit in the previous year.

10. Cattle Show.

29. The amount realised during the

year was Rs 1920 against Rs 1754 in the previous year.

11. Drinking water wells. Fund.

30. A sum of Rs 150 was received as contribution from ryots towards sinking wells during the year as against Rs 296 in the previous year. A sum of Rs 35,000 had been received in the previous year as State grant towards the fund and no amount was granted during the year under report.

(b) Expenditure.

31. The total expenditure under all heads amounted to Rs 1,70,027 as against 1,85,671 in the previous year as detailed in the appendix 6.

32. The closing balance for the year was Rs 3,04,215 as against Rs 2,88,181. Appendix 5 gives the details of income and expenditure of Panchayets in the District.

(c) Allotment of funds among Taluk Boards and Panchayets.

33. The separation of the Local Board Revenue into 3 separate funds Viz District funds, Taluk Boards funds and Village funds as contemplated in the Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation 6 of 1918 was not given effect to during the year as the question of maintenance of separate accounts in the treasuries and postings of treasury pass books showing the closing balance of each individual

accounts has not been finally decided. However funds required for the Taluk Boards and village panchayets were allotted according to their requirements and urgency. In some instances as the expenditure of panchayets exceeded their income on account of short collection extra allotment of funds was made as a special case for urgent expenses. The Panchayets have been informed that this arrangement will not be continued and that their financial condition should be improved by attending to proper collection of arrears.

(d) Demand collection and balance.

34. Appendix 4 gives the details of demand collection and balance.

(e) Fresh imposts and variations in the rates of fees tolls Etc.

35. There were no fresh imposts during the year. The revision of house taxes etc. in the panchayets was brought into effect in most of the villages by opening fresh tax books as required by the recent rules.

(f) L O A N S.

36. A sum of Rs.17,331/- was collected towards the Shimoga District Board Railway Loan during the year but this does not include the amounts credited during the last three months of the year in the Treasuries situated outside the Shimoga District as the credit statements relating to the period have not yet been received

received from the Comptroller. The total amount collected up-to the end of the year comes to Rs2,65,337/- towards the capital of Rs7,66,150/- out of the promised amount of ten lakhs.

IV. Public Works.

(a) Important works executed.

37. The annual and special repairs to District Fund Roads were attended to by the Public Works Department. Out of the budget allotment provided for the Public Works to be executed by the Public Works Department a sum of Rs65,395/- i.e., 74.16 per cent was spent during the year.

A sum of Rs 33,068/- had been allotted in the budget for 1919-20 for public works to be executed by the Civil Department. Out of this only a sum of Rs7053/- or 21.33 per cent of the allotment was spent. A large sum which had been provided for works in the newly constituted panchayets in the District to lapsed as most of them were brought into working order only during the year under report and they were not therefore able to utilise the grant. The advantage of utilising in full the allotments annually provided in the budget for the steady improvement of villages have been explained to the Panchayets and it is expected that the heavy lapses will be avoided in future as the Chairmen and members of panchayets have begun to take interest in the improve

ment

improvement of villages.

(b) Condition of roads.

38. Proposals were called for from the Public Works Department for improving bad portions of roads, and suggestions received were approved. Arrangements were made to provide the necessary funds and the public Works Department were requested to improve the condition of the District Fund roads at an early date as most of them are far from satisfactory.

(c) Improvements effected in the matter of opening inter Village Roads.

39. The existing village roads are reported to have been maintained in a fairly good condition. During the year under report 163 miles of village roads were either newly opened or repaired by Village Committees and the expenditure is estimated at Rs14,983/-.

(d) Water supply and maintenance.

40. There were eighty well works with an estimated cost of Rs30689/- remaining in-cpmplete at the beginning of the year under report. 40 estimates costing Rs17,505/- were sanctioned during the year making a total of 121 wells were in progres and 15 were completed during the year the outlay on the works being Rs11,301/- against a sum of Rs7005/- spent in the previous year. One hundred and five wells with an estimate of Rs30,068/- remained incomplete at the close of the year. Though the number formally completed during the year was only 15. Six others were also actually completed though they could not

be shown under the head of completed works for want of completion certificates and such other formal defects.

41. 23.44% of the allotment was spent during the year. The heavy lapses under this head are due to the difficulty experienced in securing contractors and labour for the execution of these works. The villagers are eager only in applying for the creation of drinking water facilities and very few evince interest in securing labour for the execution of works. However efforts are being made to accelerate the progress under the Scheme.

42. A Well Overseer on a pay of Rs.60/- per mensem with a peon on Rs.7/- 3 employed in the previous year continued to work during the year under report. As this arrangement did not give facility for constant supervision of all the works, the matter of improving the present arrangement is under the consideration of the Board.

43. Under the Malnad Improvement Scheme 16 estimates for sinking new wells at an aggregate cost of Rs.10,205/- were sanctioned during the year. Forty eight estimates of repairs to wells completed in previous years were sanctioned for Rs.7148/-. A sum of Rs.19,992/- was spent on well works during the year under the Scheme. Till now 224 well works have been taken up by the Malnad Improvement Committee, of which 174 have

have been completed.

(e) Supervision of work by Non-official members.

44. The elected Vice Presidents of Taluk Boards and the Chairmen of Panchayets supervised the works in their jurisdiction and forwarded intermediate bills for payments after checking the measurements of works, thus greatly helping in the early payment of bills.

V. Public Health and Vital Statistics.

45. Public health was fairly good during the year under report. The number of Births and Deaths registered during the year was 7597 and 7244. Except for the prevalence of small-pox of a severe type which caused 635 deaths there were not many deaths from other epidemics.

VI. Conservancy & Sanitation.

(a) Working of the Village Sanitary Rules.

46. Village Sanitation Rules were brought into force in 116 villages during year under report. 30 prosecutions involving 33 persons were instituted during t the year of whom 6 were convicted. Appendices XIII and XIV give the details of villages into which Sanitary Rules have been introduced and the number of prosecutions instituted.

(b) Clearance of Rank Vegitation.

47. The ryots of 17 villages took up the work of clearing Rank Vegitation and the quantity of work turned up by them during the year was estimated to be Rs325/-.

(c) Precautions and Suppressions of epidemics.

48. It is gratifying to note that no epidemic except small-pox prevailed in the District during the year under report in

a

a virulent type. For small-pox the needful precaution of protecting all children by vaccination was adopted. In places where plague appeared inoculation evacuation and disinfection were adopted.

(d) Regulation of Markets and slauter houses.

49. Market fees were levied as in previous years at Ayanur in the Kumsi Sub Taluk and at Anavatti and Ulvi in the Sorab Taluk.

(e) Jatras and Festivals.

50. Jatras were held as in previous years at Kudli in the Shimoga Taluk, at Rampur in the Honnali Taluk and at Thogarsi in the Shikarpur Taluk. A sum of Rs100/- was spent at each of the cattle shows held at Kudli and Rampur for awarding prizes for the best cattle exhibited. Adequate Sanitary arrangements were made in all the places and a sum of Rs334/- was spent on that account.

51. Lectures on Sanitation, improved methods of Agriculture Cattle breeding etc. were arranged to be delivered to the public on the occasion.

VII. Medical Relief.

(a) Working of Local Fund Dispensaries.

52. The number of Local Fund Dispensaries subsidised during the year remained the same as in the previous year being 21 and the amount contributed from District Funds towards establishment, pay, contingent charges and cost of country medicines of the Local Fund Dispensaries amounted to Rs11,296/-. The number of patients treated in the Dispensaries during the year

year was 205598 against 197931 in the previous year. This includes the number of patients treated during visits to Sulekere, Hanumahalli, Lakshmipur and Nallur and at th Female Dispensary at Thirthahalli.

53. A sum of Rs.12090/- was transferred to the Public Works Department towards the District Fund Quota of the cost of construct ing Dispensary buildings with inpatient wards at Nagar, Anavatti and Nyamati and towards repairs executed to medical building during the year.

54. The four semi-itinerant dispensaries in the District and the Female Dispensary at Thirthahalli opened under the Malnad Improvement Scheme continued to work satisfactorily. They treated 32559 patients. The conversion of the Sorab Local Fund Dispensary into a semi-itinerant dispensary was sanctioned during the year under report.

163500 quinine pills were distributed.

(b) Midwives and Maternity. 55. The number of labour cases treated during the year in Municipal and rural areas was 753 and 311 against 601 and 154 in the previous year. A sum of Rs.4121/- was contributed from District Funds towards the pay and travelling allowances of midwives and reward for extra labour cases conducted by them.

Five hundred and nineteen labour cases were attended to by the midwife entertained by the Malnad Improvement Committee.

(c) Ayurvedic and Unani Dispensaries.

56. Besides the five Vyadyasalas that were working in the District in the previous year the Vaidyasala at Thavarekere sanctioned in Government Order No. 3983-4/Med.11 dated 24th August 1918 was opened during the year. The number of patients treated during the year was 13386 against 12136 in the previous year.

(d) Veterinary dispensary.

57. The Veterinary dispensary at Channagiri sanctioned in Government Order No.R. 1328-2/RZM.46-18-4 dated 17th April 1919 was opened during the year. The Assistant Veterinary Inspector placed in charge of the dispensary worked only for 2 months after which he went on leave. The dispensary was placed in charge of the Veterinary Inspector, Shimoga.

58. The number of cases treated in the Shimoga Hospital was 4429 against 5364 in the previous year, the new admission being 1684 against 1933. The decrease is attributed to the fact that the cattle desease did not appear in an epidemic form in the Division. The number of major operations were 112 and castration 56 against 86 and 23 respectively in the previous year. The number inoculated against infectious desceases was 797 against 258 in the pre-

vious

previous year, 721 cases inoculated in the Taluk of Channagiri are also included.

59. The number of cases treated in the Sagar dispensary was 5455 against 5005 in the previous year, new admissions being 1800 aginst 1205. The number of major operations was 141 against 66 in the previous year. There were only 2 cases of castration.

60. In the Channagiri dispensary the number of cases treated was 770, the new admissions being 400.

61. Rinderpest and Foot and Mouth desease prevailed in parts of Honnali, Channagiri, Shimoga, Shikarpur and Kumsi during the latte part of the year under report while Foot and Mouth diseases Haemorrhagic Septicaemia and Anthrax prevailed in the Sagar Sub Division.

(e) Vaccination.

62. The number of persons vaccinated during the year was 15720 against 10709 in the previous year.

63. Eleven vaccinators including one reserve vaccinator were employed by the District Board and they worked under the direct supervision of the District Health Officer and Deputy Inspector of Vaccination subject to the general control of the District Board.

64. The entertainment of four more

vaccinators

Vaccinators was sanctioned under the Malnad Improvement Scheme in addition to six Vaccinators employed under the Scheme. They attended to 729 cases of vaccination.

(f) Suggestions made by the Sanitary Authorities.

65. Arrangements suggested for stocking disinfectants at Taluk Head Quarters and Municipalities are adopted and the proposals for adopting plague Preventive Measures suggested by the Sanitary Commissioner are under consideration.

VIII. Public Convegience and other measures of Public Utility.

(a) Accommodation for travellers.

66. The existing accommodation for travellers continued to be maintained during the year. There were proposals to construct a Musaferkhana at Sampekatte in the Nagar Taluk and fresh buildings at Nyamati and Kumsi. Estimates have been called for from the Executive Engineer.

67. A rest house was constructed at Devagange in the Nagar Taluk and the building is almost complete. A sum of Rs.449/- was realised from fees levied in Travellers' Bungalows and Musaferkhanas in the District during the year and a sum of Rs.5204/- was spent towards establishment pay and contingent charges.

Cattle shows.

(b) Cattle shows.

68. Cattle shows were held at Kudli in the Shimoga Taluk and at Rampur in the Honnali Taluk during the year. Necessary Sanitary arrangements had been made at each of the Jatras and Rs100/- was spent at each place for awarding prizes to the best cattle exhibited.

Fees were levied on cattle gathered and a sum of Rs1800/- was realised therefrom.

The number of cattle collected was 20,000 at Rampur and 14,000 at Kudli.

Instructive lectures were delivered in both places regarding improvement of Agriculture, Cattle breeding and Sanitation.

(c) Ferries.

69. The amount realised under this head was Rs2,523/- as against Rs1,246/- in the previous year.

(d) Cattle Pounds.

70. A sum of Rs2,918/- was realised and Rs462/- was spent in payment of commission and and feeding charges to Pound-keepers as against Rs2,490/- and 154 respectively in the previous year.

(e) Facilities afforded for the improvement of breed of cattle.

71. A sum of Rs225/- was paid from District Funds towards the District Fund quota of the cost of breeding bulls sanctioned to the applicants at concession rates during the year and recommendations were sent to the Amrit Mahal Department to supply the bulls at an early date.

The breeding bull at Sorab was reported

reported to have died.

Arrangement has been made to provide the Shimoga Veterinary Hospital and Sagar Veterinary dispensary with a breeding bull.

IX. GENERAL.

72. The Second Member of Council who was touring in the Shimoga District in the month of April 1920 was good enough to be present at the District Board meeting held on the 30th ~~p~~ of April 1920 and gave valuable ~~suggs~~ suggestions and advice regarding the work of the Board.

73. The accounts for the half year ending 30th June 1919 and 31st December 1919 were audited by the Local Auditors of the Comptroller's Office. The reports of Auditors were received and their copies are sent to the Taluks for necessary action.

74. The temporary clerk entertained for ~~X~~ loan work continued to work during the year and as many of the subscribers to the Railway loan have not paid their shares in full the work in the branch still continues to be heavy.

75. The appointment of a clerk on Rs40/- per mensem for work in connection with the control exercised by the Deputy Commissioner over the Municipalities in the District and for the work of the Local Self Government Scheme was extended for another year. (Vide: Government Order No~~%~~.R. 13333-43/M1.

196-19-2 dated 23rd July 1920).

76. In connection with the transfer of the Economic Development work to the District Board, the Government have sanctioned two clerks and a Secretary to the District Board to attend to the Development work.

77. The District Conference was held on the 25th and 26th March 1920 at Shimoga after the transfer of Economic Development work to the Local Boards. A Local Self Government Section was added to the Conference which was attended by the representatives of most of the Taluk Boards and Municipalities in the District. Many questions incidental to the working of local bodies were discussed and suitable resolutions passed.

78. A few remarks on the general work of the Board seem necessary. The total income of the District Board during the year - barring debt head receipts and nominal variations was better than in the previous year by Rs22,689/- the result being due mainly to the better revenue collections of the year. Similarly the expenditure exceeded that of the previous year by Rs10.915/-.

The demands on the resources of the Board are increasing on all sides while there is very little scope for appreciably adding to the normal income. The grant of increased allowances to the whole time employees which the Board felt it necessary to sanction recently on the scale approved

by Government has added sensibly to the normal expenditure.

The District Board has agreed to bear onehalf of the cost of a much needed bridge across the Thunga in Thirthahalli which would mean an expenditure of over a lakh of rupees. For meeting this they floated with the sanction of the Government a debenture loan of Rupees one lakh at 6% repayable in 25 years. Recently the Government were pleased to garrantee the interest as well as the repayment of the principal amount to the subscribers and also to exempt the interest on debentures from the levy of Income-tax. Nevertheless the prospects of realising the loan are somewhat remote owing to the recent issue of the 6½% State Loan for which the people of this District have most handsomely subscribed. The only alternative method of raising the money is a loan from Government without whose generous help the bridging up of the river on a most important and much frequented thoroughfare is not likely soon to materialise.

A word or two seems necessary about the condition of the roads in the District. It is no exaggeration to say that the condition of good many of them is regrettably bad while some of them are in a condition of absolute danger to traffic. There has been great deterioration in recent times and we cherish the hope that the Public Works Department will be able to effect material improvements in the

current

Report on the Administration of District Funds in the Kadur District during the year 1919-1920.

CREATION OF NEW BOARDS AND ABOLITION OF EXISTING BOARDS.

1. No new boards were created nor any of the existing ones abolished during the year under report. The number of Taluk Boards and Village Panchayats was 6 and 32 respectively.

APPOINTMENT OF PRESIDENTS AND VICE PRESIDENTS OF DISTRICT AND TALUK BOARDS.

2. The term of office of the non-official members having expired, all the Taluk Boards and the District Board were reconstituted during the year under the new Local Boards and Village Panchayats Regulation No.VI of 1918 and the rules framed thereunder.

3. The Deputy Commissioner continued to be the President of the District Board under Government ~~Notification~~ No. R.4156/L.B.56-19-1 dated 24th September 1919. Mr.C.Srinivasa Rao a non-official member of the Board was elected as Vice President of the Board and the election was approved by Government in their Notification No.R.12047/L.B.50-19-26 dated 15th April 1920.

4. The Assistant Commissioners in charge of the Chikmagalur and Tarikere Revenue Sub Divisions continued to be Ex-officio Taluk Boards respectively and the Amildars of these Taluks were elected as Vice Presidents of the respective Taluk Boards(Vide Government Notification No.R.15240/L.B.113-18-1 dated 26th August 1919) and no R 7243 LB 4-19-54 dated 22-24 and 8184 LB 4-19-54 dated 23rd January 20

5. The Amildars of the Mudigere, Kadur and Koppa Taluks and the Deputy Amildar of Narasimharajapur Sub Taluk continued to be the Presidents of the respective Taluk Boards. The following non-official members of these four Taluk Boards were elected as the Vice Presidents (Vide Government Notification No.R.7243/L.B.4-19-44 dated 22nd December 1919 and No.R.8134/L.B.4-19-54 dated 23rd January 1920).

1. Mr. Javali Ganesh Rao, Mudigere Taluk.
2. " Thimmegowda, Kadur Taluk.
3. " H. Krishna Rao, Koppa Taluk.
4. " Nadig Bhishtappa, Narasimharajapur.

ELECTIONS.

6. Elections for the required number of members to the Kalasa Village Panchayat in the Mudigere Taluk and the Taluk Board of Tarikere were held during the year under report. Appendix III shows the particulars of the candidates that stood for the latter election and the number of members that took part in it.

NEW BYELAWS FRAMED OR EXISTING ONES AMENDED.

7. No new bye-laws were framed in any of the Boards in the District during the year. Certain rules under the new Local Boards and Village Panchayats Regulation were issued by Government.

MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE.

4th September 1919.
21st November 1919.
3rd February 1920.
26th March 1920.
17th May 1920.

8. The District Board met in all five times during the year on the marginally noted dates. The average attendance from among the 23 non-official and the seven ex-officio members of the Board at these

meetings was 12.4 and 6.4 as against 12.1 and 6 respectively in the previous year.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

4th September 1919.
20th November 1919.

9. The Finance Committee of the Board met twice on the marginally noted dates At the first meeting they prepared the annual administration report for the year 1918-19 and at the second they checked the accounts of the Board and also considered some important questions referred to them.

10. A special Committee consisting of the following members of the Board met on the 22nd March 1920 and prepared the budgets of the Taluk Boards and the District Board for the year 1920-21.

1.Mr.C.Srinivasa Rao,(Convenor).
2. The Assistant Commissioner,Chikmagalur Sub Division.
3.The Executive Engineer.
4.Mr.Hugonine.
5.Mr. Meppen the Secretary of the Board was also present at this meeting.

TALUK BOARDS.

11. The 6 Taluk Boards in the District held in all 45 meetings. Of these nine were special meetings and four meetings adjourned for want of quorum, the rest being ordinary. The total strength of all the Taluk Boards on the last day of the year was 93 as against the total -- sanctioned strength of 94, the deficiency being due to the non-return of a member to the Mudigere Taluk Board from the Kalasa(Mavinkere) Village Panchayat The average strength of Ex-officio and non-official members of these Boards was 3.5 and 12 and their

average attendance at the meeting was 2.9 and 5.9 as against 2.26 and 4.39 respectively in the previous year.

WORKING OF VILLAGE PANCHAYATS.

12. There is a total of 32 Village Panchayats in the District of which 9 were newly constituted during the year. Village Panchayats have as a rule not held meetings regularly. The attendance at their meetings is also not satisfactory. The 32 Panchayats held in all only 76 meetings and the attendance averaged 4.9 for an average strength of 8 per meeting. Some of the Panchayats have taken action to levy house tax under the rules issued with Government Notification No.R.2668/L.B.6-18-17 dated 25th August 1919. The details of the working of the Panchayats are embodied in statement No. V.

FINANCIAL POSITION.

INCOME.

13. The year under report opened with a balance of Rs 1,96,700 as against Rs 1,28,206 of the previous year. The receipts under all heads amounted to Rs 1,41,392 as against Rs 1,35,702 in the previous year showing an increase of Rs 5,690 as detailed below(A). The opening balance includes the Railway Cess collected up to the end of the year 1919-20.

STATEMENT NO. A.

Head.	1919-20.	1918-19.	Difference.
A.(a) Allotment from Local Cess.	66,646	66,266	380
(b) Railway Cess.	45,379	41,549	3830
B. House Tax.	17,133	16,382	751
C. Tolls and Ferries.	1,405	1,788	- 383
D. Fees, Fines and Miscellaneous.	5,855	4,841	1014
E. Contribution.	1,889	1,335	554
F. Public Febt etc.	3,085	3,541	- 456
Total.	1,41,392	1,35,702	5,690

LOCAL CESS.

14. The receipts under ~~this~~ this item amounted to Rs 66,646 as against Rs 66,266 of the previous year showing an increase of Rs 380/-.

RAILWAY CESS.

15. A sum of Rs 45,379 was collected under this head as against Rs 41,549 in the preceding year. There has been an increase of Rs 3830 due mostly to the collection of arrears of land revenue and to increase in the Excise revenue and the consequent increase in the amount of Cess thereon.

HOUSE TAX INCLUDING MOHATARFA.

16. The realization under this item during the year was Rs 17,133 as against Rs 16,382/-.

T O L L S.

17. The realizations from Tolls during the year amounted to Rs 1405 as against Rs 1386 of the previous year due to better bid secured at the sale of the right of collecting toll at the Bommenahalli Toll Gate on the Shimoga-Narasimharajapur Road. The Toll Gate at the Kaimara on the Bababudan Hill Road was abolished with effect from 1st July 1919 as per Government Order No.11193-5/L.B.75-18-2 dated 3rd March 1919.

FERRIES.

18. There was ~~an~~ no income from Ferries during the year as the sale of the right of plying them had been sold for three years in the previous year.

FEES FINES AND MISCELLANEOUS.

19. The total realization under this head was Rs 5,855 as against 4,841 ~~of~~ the previous year showing an increase of Rs 1,014 due mainly to the credit of Rs 800 under "other items" afforded by the Deputy Commissioner on account of the grant towards public libraries in the District.

CONTRIBUTIONS.

20. The contributions received during the year amounted to Rs 1889/- as against Rs 1335/- of the previous year. The increase is due to the fact that the establishment charges of the Tarikere Hindu Vaidyasala were increased in consequence of which the Tarikere Municipal Council had to contribute a larger amount and also to the contribution due by the Birur Municipal Council on account of the cost of the Hindu Vaidyasala for 1918-19 having been adjusted in the beginning of the year 1919-20 instead of at the close of the year 1918.

PUBLIC DEBT LOANS INCLUDING DRINKING WATER WELLS.

21. The amount of Rs 2110 shown under this head in Statement No.VI is the sum paid by the Chikmagalur Municipality in part repayment of the loan granted to it and that of Rs 40/- shown under Drinking Water Wells represents the cash contribution paid by villagers.

EXPENDITURE

22. The total expenditure under all heads including public debt items amounted to Rs. 70,431/- as against Rs. 67,208 in the preceding year showing an increase of Rs. 3223.

C. ADMINISTRATION AND COLLECTION.

23. There was an increase of Rs. 872/- on the items under this head which was due to the payment of grain compensation and local allowances to all the members of the District Board establishment and to the supply of furniture to the offices of the Taluk Boards of Koppa and Narasimharajapur.

D. PUBLIC HEALTH AND CONVENIENCE.

24. The expenditure under this head shown an increase of Rs. 5224. The annual increments due to certain Sanitary/ -- Inspectors were given during the year and Horse allowance at the rate of Rs. 20/- instead of conveyance allowance at Rs. 10/- per mensem was granted to the Sanitary Inspectors of Mudigere, Chikmagalur and Koppa Taluks. A sum of Rs. 800/- was spent by the District Board in celebratin the Peace as sanctioned in Government Order No.H.7408-9/L.B.75-19-6 dated 6th January 1920. The increase was also due to the arrear pay bills of some Vaccinators and their malnad allowances having been paid during the year.

CLOSING BALANCE.

25. The closing balance in favour of the District Board on the last day of the year under report was Rs. 2,67,661. Of this amount the accumulated Railway Cess was Rs. 1,51,045 and the balance at the credit of the Drinking Water Wells

Wells Fund 6592 the net balance in favour of the Board being Rs 1,10,024.

DELEGATION OF FUNCTIONS TO AND ALLOTMENT OF FUNDS AMONG TALUK TALUK BOARDS AND VILLAGE PANCHAYATS.

26. The Board submitted proposals regarding the delegation of powers and allotment of funds to the several Taluk Boards in ~~November~~ January last and the matter is pending orders of Government.

DEMAND, COLLECTION AND BALANCE.

27. Appendix IV shows the demand under all heads including arrears of previous years. The total demand under all heads was Rs 1,54,071/-, of which the one anna cess on land revenue and railway cess amounted to Rs 74,607 and the house tax in Village Panchayats and other items to Rs 79,464. Out of this demand, a sum of Rs 1,38,319 was collected leaving a balance of Rs 15,473/- at the end of the year. The balance is under Local Cess and Mohatarfa and House tax in Village Panchayats.

FRESH IMPOSTS AND VARIATION IN THE RATES OF FEES.

28. No fresh taxes were imposed during the year except the House Tax in the Village Panchayats in accordance with Government Notification No.R.2668/L.B. 6-18-17 dated 25th August 1919 issuing rules under sections 56(b) and 62 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayats Regulation.

L O A N S.

29. No loans were raised by the District Board ~~xxxxx~~ during the year.

A. PUBLIC WORKS.

30. The outlay incurred on works -- executed by the Public Works Department was Rs 21,511, of which Rs 3,121 was spent on original works, Rs 15,109 on

was adjusted towards establishments tools and plant. The outlay incurred by the Executive Engineer from the month of October 1919 up to the end of June 1920 was not intimated to this office and the amount could not therefore be credited to the Public Works Department, before the close of the official year 1919-20.

B. PUBLIC WORKS.

31. The expenditure under this head was Rs 3946 as against 3421 of the previous year, of which Rs 552 was spent on original works and Rs 3394 on repairs.

32. Appendix XI shows the sanctioned allotment under this head the actual expenditure and the amount which lapsed at the end of the year. It is seen from this statement that the lapse was -- Rs 3054 or 43.6 per cent as against -- 48.8 per cent of the previous year.

ROADS AND COMMUNICATIONS.

33. The total length of District Fund Roads repaired by the Public Works Department was 360 miles at an average outlay of Rs 72/- a mile. Some of the roads are in an unsatisfactory condition and the District Board have been considering the question of ways and means for increasing the allotments on these roads by the transfer of some of the more important roads which are provincial in character for maintenance out of State Funds. The Finance Committee of the Board are of opinion that unless this is done it would not be possible for the Board to provide more funds than at present for the maintenance of the bad

bad roads.

WATER SUPPLY AND MAINTENANCE.

34. The balance of the special grant of Rs 37,500/- sanctioned for the sinking of drinking water wells in the District was Rs 13,654 at the commencement of the year. The entertainment of a Well Overseer on Rs 60/- and a peon on Rs 8/- per mensem was continued during the year. The total progress including the ryots' share of work Viz., Rs 1650 during the year was Rs 8,753. Including the 32 incomplete works of the previous years, 57 well works were under progress during the year and 10 works were completed before the close of the year. The progress in the execution of wells was as usual retarded by heavy rains in August and September and throughout the year by paucity of labour and want of competent contractors.

DISTRICT BOARD RAILWAYS.

35. The recommendation made previously to Government with Draft Prospectus to authorise the Board to raise a loan -- locally by means of Debenture Bonds at 5 per cent to meet their Quota of the cost on the lines is pending with Government. During the year under report, as decided at a meeting of the leading citizens and merchants of the District on the 17th October 1919 at which the then First -- Member of Council was present the question of raising the rate of interest from 5 to 6 per cent as otherwise there would not be sufficient inducement for subscribing to the loan in the present condition of the money market was placed before the Board

Board and on a resolution by them in the matter a further recommendation was made to Government with revised Prospectus in this office No.C.23/L.B. 1917-18 dated 3rd December 1919 to authorise the President to raise a loan at 6 per cent per annum for a period of thirty years. Orders of Government on the subject are awaited. The amount of Railway Cess collected up to end of June 1920 Viz. Rs 1,51,045 has been deposited in the Mysore Government Savings Bank as -- sanctioned by Government in their Order No.R.~~143278~~ 14327-8/L.B.115-19-4 dated 28th June 1920.

PUBLIC HEALTH
(Vital Ststistics)

36. Plague prevailed in all the Taluks of the District except Mudigere during about 11 months of the year and carried away 423 lives, as against 318 in the previous year. To combat the disease evacuation and inoculation were resorted to.

37. During the earlier part of the year Cholera prevailed in an epidemic form in the Taluks of Mudigere and Koppa. Necessary precautionary measures were adopted.

38. Small@pox prevailed sporadically or in an epidemic form in all the Taluks almost throughout the year. The total number of deaths from this disease was 1226.

39. There was a mild form of Influenza in the Taluks of Chikmagalur, Tarikere Koppa and the Sub Taluk of Narasimharaja pur.

Arrangements were made when necessary for the distribution of rations and ~~medicines~~ medicines to the patients. The total number of deaths from this disease was 114. The total mortality from all causes was 5335 during the year under report as against 20,702 during the previous year which was the year of the great epidemic of Influenza.

CONSERVANCY AND SANITATION.
Working of Village Sanitation.

40. During the year under report 10 more villages were brought the operation of the Village Sanitation Regulation thus raising the total number of such -- villages to 395. The number of persons prosecuted for breach of Sanitation Rules was 3 as against 6 in the previous year. All of them were convicted. Separate places were set apart for depositing manure in ten villages during the year under report. The total number of villages wherein such places have been so set apart is 366.

FAIRS AND FESTIVALS.

41. The right to collect fees at the weekly Santhe at Sakrepatna was sold by public auction as in the previous year. The amount realised during the year was Rs 56/-, though the sale amount was Rs 335/-. Necessary action is being taken for the recovery of the balance.

MEDICAL RELIEF.

42. The number of Local Fund Dispensaries for which contributions were paid from District Funds was 15, the same as the number in the previous year. The details of patients treated in the ~~exercise Dispensaries are shown in the~~

the several dispensaries are shown in the enclosed Appendix XVI. It will be seen therefrom that 1,03,142 patients were treated in these dispensaries as against 1,27,240 in the previous year. The total expenditure incurred during the year for the maintenance. Of these dispensaries excluding the cost of Midwives was ₹ 10,111-13-4. The continuance of the Bidare Dispensary as a permanent measure was sanctioned in Government Order No. G.27733-5/Med. 4-19-21 dated 19th June 1920.

MIDWIVES AND MATERNITIES.

43. The number of midwives paid from District Funds was 7 the same as in the previous year and the amount debited to District Funds on account of their pay, travelling allowances etc., amounted to ₹ 1772/- the same as in the previous year The number of cases attended to by them during the year under report was 432 as against 314 in the previous year as detailed in Appendix XVII.

AYURVEDIC AND UNANI DISPENSARIES.

44. The number of Ayurvedic and Dispensaries which received contribution from District Funds was three, the same as in the previous year. Appendix XVI shows the details of cost, incurred in each of the Vaidyasalas of Chikmagalur, Tarikere and ~~Bidnur~~ Birur during the year 1919-20 as compared with that incurred in the previous year 1918-19, and the number of patients treated in each of them. It is seen therefrom that a sum of ₹ 1,502 or ₹ 267 more than the

that in the previous year was spent under this head during the year. The increase is is due to the raising of the charges of the establishment of Tarikere Vaidyasala and the contingent charge of the Birur Vaidyalasa.

VETERINARY HOSPITALS.

45. There were two Veterinary Dispensaries in the District one at Chikmagalur and the other at Tarikere. Both of them were in charge of the Assistant Veterinary Inspectors with an establishment consisting of a Salustry, a Compounder and a Sweeper for each. 7885 and 2497 cattle were treated in the Veterinary Hospitals at Chikmagalur and Tarikere respectively, during the year under report as against 7429 and 2067 respectively in the previous year giving an average daily attendance of 21.6 and 6.84 against 20.3 and 6 of the previous year. The important cattle disease that prevailed during the year were Rinderpest and Sporadic outbreaks of Sam Septicaemic Haemorrhagica and Charbon symtomatic. The Assistant Veterinary Inspectors visited some of the villages where cattle disease were reported to provail in addition to Dispensary work.

VACCINATION.

46. Appendix XVIII gives the particulars of Vaccination in the several taluks of the District during the year under report. It is seen therefrom that 8,294 persons were vaccinated during the year as against 10,229 during the previous year.

ACCOMMODATION.

47. Seventeen Third Class Travellers Bungalows and 15 Musafarkhanas and one Rest House were maintained from the District Board, at a cost of Rs. 3,995/-. The fees collected from the Travellers' Bungalows and Musafarkhanas amounted to Rs. 235/-.

CATTLE SHOWS ANDEXHIBITIONS.

48. A Cattle Show was held in February last at Antharghatta in the Kadur Taluk in connection with the Car-Festival of Sree Durgamma Devaru of the village. Owing to the favourable seasonal conditions the Jatra was largely attended this year. A Committee formed for the management of the Show awarded prizes to the aggregate value of Rs. 33/- to the best ploughing bullocks, draught bullocks and calves. The Amildar of the Kadur Taluk and the Assistant Veterinary Inspector of Chikmagalur delivered lectures to the ryots assembled on the advantages of holding Cattle Shows. Under the auspices ~~xxxx~~ of the Kadur District Conference at Chikmagalur, a Cattle Show was held in March last. Prizes were awarded to the best cattle and other animals exhibited at this show to the value of Rs. 67/-.

of the Committee for the purpose

FERRIES.

49. There are on the whole 16 Ferries in the District. In the year 1918-19, the right of collecting fees was leased out for three years and there was therefore no realizations during the year under report.

FACILITIES AFFORDED FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE BREED OF CATTLE.

50. A Breeding Bull was maintained at the Veterinary Hospital at Chikmagalur. One was supplied at the concession rate to one Honnappa Sastry a resident of the Yelugere village, Tarikere Taluk. The result of coverings during the year under report is shown in Appendix XXI.

CATTLE POUNDS.

51. Appedix XXII shows the number of cattle pounds in the District together with their income and expenditure during the year under report.

MISCELLANEOUS.

52. A sum of Rs. 100/- was paid to the Honorary Managing Secretary to the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind at Mysore towards the Education of Deaf Mutes and Blind.

GENERAL REMARKS.

53. By Government Order No.514-66/E.C. 15-19-1 dated 12th July 1919 reconstituting the Economic Conference Organization with the effect from 1st January 1920 the Economic Development work in District was made a part of the functions of Local Self Governing Bodies.

54. The accounts of the Board for the half year ending 31st December 1919 were audited under the Local Audit System by an Auditor from the Comptroller's Office.

55. The working of the District Board during the year under report was on the whole satisfactory.

for President,
Kadur District Board.

D.S.R.

30/4
3 copies

Proceedings of the Government of H.H.
the Maharaja of Mysore.

Read:-

The Administration Reports of the - District Boards for the year 1919-20.

Order--No. R. 12551-63 / Leb 68-9-23

Dated 9.5. 1921.

The report of each District Board has been reviewed separately and in the present order Govt. resolve to review the progress made collectively by all the Distt. Boards during the year 1919-20.

May this be
i Printed ?
ii treated as a standing order ?
iii published in the Gazette, English Part ?
iv translated ?
v placed at the disposal of the press ?
vi published in the Gazette, Kannada Part ?

2. Rules and Bye-laws. Rules for the - levy of taxes in Village Panchayats and for the levy of tolls on bridges and roads under the Local Boards and Village Panchayats Regulation were issued. The Bye-laws framed by the Kolar Distt. Board for the control of tanneries and for regulating the storage of hides were sanctioned during the year.

3. Constitution and working of Local -- Boards and Village Panchayats. The constitution of Taluk Boards and District Boards under the Local Boards and Village Panchayats Regulation was completed during the year -- and their number remained at 76 and 778 respectively as heretofore. Out of 858 Village - Panchayats notified under the Regulation - only 698 worked during the year. The non-official element found a more prominent place on the Boards by way of elections and the - strength of the District Bds. also being proportionately increased. The average sanctioned strength for each - Distt. Bd., Taluk Board and Panchayat was 38, 16 and 5 against 27, 15 and 5 respectively in the previous year.

All the Distt. Boards 51 of the Taluk - Boards and 32 of the Village Panchayats met the prescribed number of times. ~~The~~ Taluk Boards and Village Panchayats --- should show improvement in the matter of attendance at the meetings. Almost all the Taluk Boards and all the Distt. Bds. had non-official Vice-Presidents and -- Village Panchayats had ~~the~~ President Chairmen. ~~The~~ Important powers and duties were also delegated to the Vice Presidents of Distt. Bds.

4. Accounts and Audit. The Comptroller's Office, Local Audit Staff audited -- the accounts up to the end of June 1920 in the Chitaldrug Distt. and up to the - end of December 1920 in the other Distts. No serious irregularities were reported in the maintenance of accounts. The arrangements made by the Distt. Bds for ~~the~~ audit of their accounts by ~~the~~ Finance Committees continued unsatisfactory. The Committee did not meet ~~at~~ all in the Chitaldrug Distt., while it met between 2 and 6 times in the other Distts. In the Mysore District the Committee met 3 times to frame the budget - estimates and the report does not disclose whether the accounts were scrutinised by it. The Members of the Local Bds. are - under Section 45 of the Regulation liable for any loss, waste ~~and~~ or misappropriation - of local fund money or property and the - Distt. Bds. should therefore be advised to take suitable measures for the regular - and prompt scrutiny of accounts every month

5. Demand, Collection and Balance. The total demand including arrears under house and mohatarfa taxes amounted to Rs. 598.142/- of which 38 per cent was left uncollected at the end of the year. The outstandings were heavy in the Bangalore - Mysore, Shimoga, Chitaldrug and Kolar Distts. The collection of current taxes in the Shimoga District was very unsatisfactory. The arrears under tolls and ferries in the Shimoga and Hassan Districts and under tolls in the Mysore District were also heavy. Special measures should be promptly taken to deal with all cases of arrears which encumbered the accounts and to write off all irrecoverable items.

6. Finances. The income and expenditure under the main heads of account contrast with those of the previous year as shown in the following statement:-

Items.	Receipts.	
	1918-19.	1919-20.
	Rs.	Rs.
76% of the Local Cess on Land Revenue.	8,58,073.	7,43,721
Railway Cess. ...	2,68,851.	3,02,898.
House and Mohatarfa Taxes. ...	3,50,711	3,74,769
Tolls and Ferries. ...	37,416	35,569
Drinking water wells fund ...	53,558	75,128
Miscellaneous. ...	3,26,143.	3,19,952.
Total.	18,94,752.	18,52,037.

Items.	Expenditure.	
	1918-19.	1919-20.
Public Works executed by the P.W.D.	4,45,191.	4,46,057.
Public Works executed by Civil Depts.	1,09,240	1,13,340
Administration and Collection.	88,503	95,149.
Public Health, etc.,	2,66,065	3,44,402.
Drinking Water wells fund.	96,049.	89,083.
Miscellaneous.	99,263.	1,00,982.
Railway construction		85,749
Total.	11,04,311.	12,68,762.

The nominal decrease under local cess was due to adjustments in the year ~~xxxx~~ 18-19 on account of local cess on Excise revenue relating to the Bangalore District and this was nearly set off by increased revenue under railway cess and house and mohatarfa taxes, so that the total income for the year was ~~xxxxxxxxxxxxxx~~ a little less than that in the previous year. The expenditure ~~on Public Works Department except by Public Works Department~~ includes an -- outlay of Rs.85,749 on account of the - construction of the Chitaldrug Chik-jagur Railway line and the continued rise in -- prices of material and labour and the -- necessity of granting high price allowances to the local fund employees accounts for the general increase under expenditure.

7. Public Works. A sum of Rs.553,397 was spent on Public Works of which Rs.-- 440057 was spent in the P.W.D. and the - rest in the Civil Deptt. As usual the expenditure was mainly on the improvement and maintenance of roads.

8. Communications. The general condition of roads in the Shimoga ~~and the Mysore~~ Districts is reported to be not - satisfactory. The Distt. Bds. of Mysore Hassan and Shimoga ~~Distts.~~ urge for the employment of a -- separate Local Fund Engineering Estt: -- ~~for remedying the defect~~. The question - is under the consideration of Govt. In - the meanwhile the Distt. Bds. should take steps to increase the mileage grants for maintenance of the roads to the necessary extent -

extent. The Kadur Distt. Board urge the transfer to Govt. of some of the important roads for maintenance at Govt. cost. Govt. regret that the course suggested -- cannot be approved. In connection with the scheme of road -- facilities in the State none of the Distt. Boards made good use of the grant allotted by Govt. for the purpose. The Kolar Distt. Board, however, proposed to construct a road from Srinivasapur to Punganur at a cost of Rs.44,514 and Govt. agreed to contribute one-fourth of the cost of opening the road. The Distt. Board spent Rs.6069 on the construction of the road during the year.

9. Lapses under Public Works.

The Lapses under grants for Public -- Works in the Civil Department were heavy in almost all the Districts and ranged from 23 per cent in the Mysore District to 78 per cent in the Shimoga -- District. The lapses were very heavy in the Hassan, Shimoga and Mysore Distts. This is not satisfactory. In the Mysore Distt new works were not sanctioned in order that the incomplete works might be pushed on to completion while in the Shimoga -- District provision made in the Budget for Public Works in the Village Panchayats, many lapsed as of the Panchayats were not brought into working order in the year -- under review. Stenuous efforts should be made to minimise lapses by (1) strictly -

adhering - -

adhering to a carefully prepared programme of -- works (2) ~~arrangement~~ arranging for regular supervision and inspection of -- works (3) insisting upon the completion of works by the contractors within the - time prescribed by contract bonds and - (4) by payment of bills promptly and at short intervals ~~frequently~~ for work done.

10. Railways. The collection on account of the Shimoga District Board Ry. loan and the Chitaldrug Chik-Jajur Ry. loan during the year amounted to Rs.17331 and Rs.19975 respectively. The Chitaldrug Chik-Jajur Railway line was nearing completion and it has since been opened for traffic .

11. Rural Water Supply. The income and expenditure under Drinking Water Wells - Fund amounted to Rs.75,128 and Rs.89,083 respectively. 274 wells were completed during the year and at the close of the year 1015 wells were under several stages of construction. Paucity of skilled -- labour and want of competent contractors contributed as usual to the slow progress in the execution of the works. The prescribed subscription of one half of the cost of wells to be levied from the ryots being found to be too high, the rate was reduced to one third and in the case of wells for the use of the depressed classes the contribution was ordered to be altogether waived.

12. Working of Village Sanitation Rules. The Rules were in force in -- 12109 villages. 241 persons were prosecuted for the breach of the rules and 139 convicted -

convicted during the year.

13. Medical Relief and Vaccination. A new Local Fund Dispensary was opened at Sarjapur in Bangalore District. 12,6744 patients were treated in the Local Fund Dispensaries and 6,507 labour cases were attended to by the midwives maintained from the District Funds. The number of persons vaccinated during the year was 100,916 against 95,753 in the previous year. Rules were framed for regulating the training and employment of vaccinators and for grant of scholarship to students undergoing training as vaccinators.

14. Vital Statistics. The total number of births and deaths recorded during the year wa 74,330 and 70,442 against 72,951 and 307,820 respectively in the previous year, the large decrease in the mortality being due to absence of Influenza in a pandemic form ~~as in the previous year.~~ Small-pox raged very virulently in ~~the~~ Tumkur, Chitaldrug and Kadur Districts. The mortality from Cholera in ~~the~~ Kolar and Chitaldrug Districts and that from Small-pox in ~~the~~ Mysore District showed a very appreciable decrease.

P.T.O

15. G e n e r a l. The Admn. of the Local Bds. during the year was ~~on the whole~~ generally fair. But greater attention should be paid towards collection of arrears of revenue and prompt execution of works and prevention of lapses. The work of economic development was transferred to the ~~Comptroller~~ Control of Distt. Bds. and action has been taken to amend the Local Bds. and Village Panchayats Regulation on this account. Govt. hope that under the supervision of non-official Vice-Presidents the affairs of the Local Bds. will improve and the Administration will show better progress and efficiency.

26.4.21.

Secy. to Govt.
Rev. Department.

To

19/4/21

The Presidents of Distt. Bds.
" Comptroller to Government.
" Chief Engineer in Mysore.
" Senior Surgeon in Mysore.
" Sanitary Commr. in Mysore.
" Rev. Commr. in Mysore.

29.4.21

TMK.